THE BEDFORD GAZETTE

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BY B. F. MEYERS,

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ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
Will promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care, in Bedford and adjoining counties.
Cash advanced on judgments, notes, military and other claims.
Has for sale Town lots in Tatesville, and St. Joseph's, on Bedford Railroad Farms and unimproved land, from one acre to 150 acres to suit purchasers.
Office nearly opposite the "Mengel Hotel" and Bank of Reed & Schell.
April 1, 1864—1y

M. A. POINTS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
Respectfully offers his professional services to the public.
☞Office with J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq., on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House."
Bedford, Dec. 9, 1864

J. R. DURBORROW.
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
Office one door South of the "Mengel House."
Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties
Having also been regularly licensed to prosecute claims against the Government, particular attention will be given to the collection of Military claims of all kinds; pensions, back pay, bounty, bounty loans, &c. April 1, 1864.

ESPY M. ALSIP,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties. Military claims, back pay, bounty, &c., speedily collected.
Office with Mann & Spang, on Juliana street, two doors South of the Mengel House. Jan. 22, '64.

F. M. KIMMELL. J. W. LINGENFELTER
KIMMELL & LINGENFELTER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
☞Have formed a partnership in the practice of the Law. Office on Juliana street, two doors South of the "Mengel House."

G. H. SPANG,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.
Will promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care in Bedford and adjoining counties.
☞Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of the "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Mrs. Tate. May 13, 1864.

JOHN P. REED,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.,
Respectfully tenders his services to the Public.
☞Office second door North of the Mengel House
Bedford, Aug, 1, 1861.

JOHN PALMER.
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☞Will promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.
☞Particular attention paid to the collection of Military claims. Office on Julianna Street, (nearly opposite the Mengel House.)
Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

A. H. COFFROTH,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Somerset, Pa.
Will hereafter practice regularly in the several Courts of Bedford county. Business entrusted to his care will be faithfully attended to.
December 6, 1861.

F. C. DOYLE, M. D.,
Tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bloody Run and vicinity. Office next door to the Hotel of John C. Black. [June 10, 1864.

J. L. MARBOURG, M. D.
Having permanently located, respectfully tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.
Office on West Pitt street, south side, nearly opposite the Union Hotel.
Bedford, February 12, 1864.

F. M. MARBOURG, M. D.,
SCHELLSBURG PA,
Tenders his professional services to the people of that place and vicinity. Office immediately opposite the store of John E. Colvin, in the room formerly occupied by J. Henry Schell.
July 1, 1864.

DAVID DEFIBAUGH,
GUNSMITH, BEDFORD, PA,
Workshop same as formerly occupied by John Border, deceased. Rifles and other guns made to order, in the best style and on reasonable terms. Special attention will be given to the repairing of firearms. July 1, 1864—1y.

SAMUEL KETTERMAN,
BEDFORD, PA.,
☞Would hereby notify the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him, unless absent upon business pertaining to his office.
Bedford, Aug. 1, 1861.

J. ALSIP & SON,
Auctioneers & Commission Merchants,
BEDFORD, PA.,
Respectfully solicit consignments of Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, Groceries, Clothing, and all kinds of Merchandise for AUCTION and PRIVATE Sale.
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PHILADELPHIA.	BEDFORD,
Philip Ford & Co.,	Hon. Job Mann,
Boyd & Hough,	Hon. W. T. Daugherty
Armor Young & Bros.,	B. F. Meyers.

January 1, 1864—tf.

A NEW SENSATION
At Cheap Corner.
J. B. FARQUHAR has bought out one of the best Stores in the County, and is able now to offer
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS
WORTH OF GOODS TO THE PUBLIC,
all bought before the last great rise in prices,
and will be sold cheap for Cash.
☞Don't fail to call at Farquhar's before you purchase. J. B. FARQUHAR.
September 8, 1864.

JACOB REED, J. J. SCHELL,
REED AND SCHELL,
BANKERS & DEALERS IN EXCHANGE,
BEDFORD, PENN A.
☞DRAFTS bought and sold, collections made and money promptly remitted.
Deposits solicited.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS.
French Merinos, Thibet Cloths, French all Wool Reps, Wool Delaines, Popplins, Mohairs, Coburg, Alpacas—all fashionable colors—cheap, at
Dec. 2, 1864. CRAMER & CO'S.

Bedford Gazette.

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THE RIVAL VENTRILOQUISTS.

BY OUR NED.

"Once upon a time," as the "story-tellers" have it, we were sailing down the great "father of waters," the Mississippi, in the beautiful steamer, "Godless of Liberty," bound from St. Louis to New Orleans. We had on board the usual variety of passengers; but for some unexplainable cause an unusual degree of monotony prevailed 'Tis true, the card-players were at work, with their accustomed energy, and little groups of passengers were earnestly engaged over the quiet game of "checquers," or "draughts," while one little circle only were engaged in that old, but now popular game of "chess." A large number of passengers were sitting in the forward saloon, gazing listlessly at each other, apparently in stupefaction.

Being of an active temperament, and fond of excitement, we could not suffer ennui upon such an occasion to get the upper hand of us, so, with a view to kicking up some kind of a rumpus, for our own sake and the relief of the passengers generally, we walked boldly into the captain's office, and laid the whole matter before the distinguished commander.

"We have no music on board," the captain remarked, or we might wake the passengers up with a little "hop on the light fantastic."

"Well," we replied (looking earnestly over the list in the passenger roll) "we must have some excitement, for the passage is really weari-ome."

Just at that moment, our eyes fell upon a name distinguished in the annals of *dublerre*—no less a personage than the celebrated wizard and ventriloquist, Signor Blitz. Here was indeed reason for crying "Eureka," and forthwith, we proceeded in search of the mysterious wizard. In a few moments, the Signor was found, quietly reposing in his state-room, the whole difficulty eloquently (the occasion called forth the eloquence) laid before him. Blitz consented to create a little "harmless fun," as he termed it; but the sequel proved it more funny than harmless. But, without anticipating, the wizard entered the steward's apartment and providing himself with a few slices of bread and obtaining some of his little animate assistances, he announced himself prepared; but remarked that we must select a good subject, for on that selection depends the fun. We entered the forward saloon noiselessly, arm-in-arm, and advanced toward the quiet, sleepy-looking passengers, who were collected together without aim or object. While running our eyes rapidly around the saloon in search of a victim, our attention was attracted towards a young man dressed in a deep suit of black, who was deeply absorbed in a book, which he was attentively perusing.

We 'nudged' the Signor; pointed significantly at the young man, and received from the former an affirmative answer, by a quiet movement of the head. The Signor picked up a stool, seated himself unceremoniously between the young stranger, and the end of the table near by. This movement arrested the attention of the stranger, who looked up inquiringly.

"You seem to be much interested in your book, sir," the Signor remarked.

"Yes, sir," he replied, "a good book is to me preferable to a good dinner."

Signor—"That depends upon the length of time you have fasted. By the way I did not see you at the dinner-table?"

Stranger—"O, sir, I preferred my book."

Signor—"One dollar is high for single meal; I commend your economy"

Stranger (indignantly.) I eat *when hungry*, whatever the price!"

Signor—"I spoke of economy, because I observed some provisions in your hat!"

Stranger (in an offended tone) "Provisions with me; I always eat at the public table, and *pay* for it, too!"

The whole attention of the passengers was now centered upon the speakers, and considerable interest manifested by the company in the peculiar subject under discussion.

Signor (lifting up the young gent's hat from his side, and passing it under the eyes of the entire group) "I do not wish to offend you, sir, but I see here quite a supply of provisions!"

This created not a little merriment at the expense of the stranger, which soon increased to a laugh, as the wizard drew forth slice after slice of the stale bread from the young man's hat. The stranger bit his lips in confusion, and fixed his gaze upon the Signor; then, with a smile, got up from his seat, and moved towards the state-room.

"Frightened?" says one of the lookers-on, smiling at the sudden disappearance of the stranger.

Stranger (emerging from the state-room)—"No, not frightened, exactly. I merely put away my book because there is going to be some fun aboard, and when there's fun about I want to be 'counted,' for that's my *forte*."

Looker-on (enthusiastically). "Good! bravo, bravo! Go it, little 'un, you're a match for him!"

The stranger had barely finished his remarks, when a loud yelping and snapping was heard at his heels, and the passengers began to scatter t' inking a rabid dog was in their midst; but a few minutes served to prove barking and yelping another trick of the ventriloquist.

During the excitement about the dog, the Signor seemed constantly brushing something from behind his ear; and becoming much annoyed by a continual buzzing at his head requested one of the passengers to examine his neck, for he was fearful a wasp had taken passage on the boat, and was engaged in the exclusive business of annoying him. An examination proved the Signor's fears groundless, and the fun with the stranger continued. Now came the squealing of a pig, and, in a few moments, the Signor to the great amusement of the crowd, produced from the stranger's bosom a small guinea pig, which jumped and ran around the saloon as if pleased at being released from such an uncomfortable berth.

Again the Signor was seized with that periodical idea of the wasp, and brushed in vain with his hand to rid himself of the little tormentor. Several of the passengers attempted to catch the refractory wasp, but each attempt proved futile and the attacks of the insect upon the Signor soon became a portion of the general amusement for the passengers, the buzzing of the wasp producing as much fun as any of the wizard's wonderful feats.

During all this time, the features of the stranger remained placid, though his brilliant eyes flashed, and gave evidence of no small amount of mischief lurking within. The ventriloquist having failed to affect the stranger, he resolved to try again, apparently determined not only to bring down the boat but to bring down the stranger also.

Signor (stepping up to the stranger.)—"Come, friend, sing us a good song; won't you? Don't be so quiet."

Without further remark, the Signor commenced his wonderfully ventriloqual singing powers by singing a favorite air, with a chorus "Ri, tol lol lol," &c., each note of which appeared to come from the mouth of the young stranger. So complete was the illusion, that the stranger received shouts of applause at its conclusion, and notwithstanding the stranger's positive denial of singing a single word, the passengers insisted it was well done. During the singing, the signor was again pestered with the buzzing in his ear of that indefatigable wasp, and seemed utterly unable to free himself from the pertinacious insect.

"Now, remarked the stranger, as you insist I have been singing a song, though entirely unconscious of the act myself, I think it but fair that Blitz should favor us with a song in return."

At the sound of Blitz's name, all were on the *qui vive*: and now, as the character of the inveterate joker was understood, the party insisted upon a song.

Blitz (earnestly.)—"I tell you, gentlemen, I am no singer, never sang a song in my life, except ventriloqually."

A Voice—"That's a whopper!"

Blitz (looking around,) who spoke; who says I can sing?"

A voice (gruffly.) "I do."

Notwithstanding all efforts to find the speaker, he was *non est* and the by-standers supposed the voice a trick of the Signor's.

A voice (apparently from the Signor, who was annoyed with the buzzing of the wasps) "I'll sing—I'll sing."

Blitz—"Gentlemen, I did not speak—I cannot sing: there must be a ventriloquist here!"

A voice (apparently the Signor's)—"Should-old acquaintance he forgot."

Passengers—"O, good Heavens! don't sing that!"

Blitz—"I am not singing, gentlemen; this is a trick—a ruse; there's——"

The song and remarks of the Signor were interrupted by another attack of the wasp, and the passengers were laughing immoderately at the efforts of the Signor to keep off the stinging, buzzing, intruding insect.

Signor—"Gentlemen, let me explain; there is another ventriloquist here. I am sure of it, and I think this stranger, our friend, must be the man!"

Passenger (addressing the stranger)—"Are you a ventriloquist?"

Stranger (blandly.) "When at home, I am!"

Blitz (staring at the young stranger) "And your name is——"

Stranger (smiling.) "Wyman, the wizard and ventriloquist!"

Blitz.—"And the confounded wasp was nothing more nor less than——"

Stranger (interrupting.) "Wyman, the ventriloquist!"

The two wizards shook hands heartily, while the passengers enjoyed a laugh which fairly shook the boat from stem to stern, and for the balance of the trip there was no end to the fun. The boat was stopped by Blitz, started by Wyman, Blitz got up a false alarm of fire, and Wyman burst the boiler, to the holy horror of several old maids. Blitz bolted whole potatoes at the table. Wyman stowed away chickens alive and kicking. Blitz had a dozen waiters constantly bringing the wrong dishes. Wyman had dogs and cats under the table, and, between them both, the splendid steamer, "Goddess of Liberty," was completely turned into a stage, with the "Comedy of Errors" upon it for the amusement of three hundred passengers.

Both wizards have since become intimately acquainted, and they have many a hearty laugh at the fun created on the Mississippi by the rival ventriloquists.

☞A curious case has transpired at Cleveland. On Saturday, two young ladies applied for transportation to Washington, justifying their application by a statement that they had served two years in the army, and were discharged on the discovery of their sex. The appearance of one of them excited the suspicion of the ladies of the Sanitary society, respecting sex, and a committee withdrew with "Miss Charlotte" to another department, whence a suppressed scream led a transfer of investigations to the Provost Marshal, and the subsequent appearance of the lady in proper masculine attire. Miss Charlotte's companion appeared astonished and bewildered at the transformation, and protested that she met "her" in the city two weeks ago, and they had since boarded and lodged together, and finally adopted this plan of procuring free transportation to Washington. An examination of their baggage resulted in eliciting three complete suits of apparel,—one a civilian, one military, with lieutenant's insignia, and the third feminine. It is suspected that they are Rebel spies.

☞We love ourselves notwithstanding our faults, and we ought to love our friends in like manner.

FIGHTING MEN WANTED.

From a hundred of the Abolition presses of the North now goes up a renewed demand for more active hostilities, and a greater earnestness in the prosecution of the war The work of "crushing out the rebellion" is to be short and quick—for this purpose it is necessary that the requisite number of men should be furnished on demand; there is to be no more half-way work; the great army leaders are to be re-inforced immediately; Sherman is to sweep armed resistance from the States of North and South Carolina, and bringing his mighty and victorious army to the Southern side of Richmond in co-operation with General Grant, the finishing stroke—the coup de grace—is to be dealt to the power of the Confederacy.

This is a pleasing picture if it was not so old, so stale a one. The finishing stroke has been held suspended above the Confederacy for years, and yet the effective blow has never been struck. Somehow, when opportunity is afforded for a stunning whack, which, in pugilistic phrase, is to knock the Confederacy "out of time," the smaller and weaker of the belligerents, who had just 'come to grass' with indomitable pluck, step smilingly up to "the scratch," for the next round.

We have been told that there were hopeless divisions in the councils and among the people of the Confederacy. The press of that section, echoing the popular thought, giving voice to the people's will, shows no evidence of want of harmony. The General-in-Chief, the tried, faithful, and trusted Lee, sets himself to the work before him with a courage and purpose which is infusing new life into the now thoroughly aroused men of the Confederacy.—The new Secretary of War, John C. Breckinridge, enters upon his office possessing the utmost confidence of the people, and will prove as active and indefatigable there as he has done heretofore in the field. Gen. Joe Johnston will face Grant before Richmond as determinedly as Lee has done; everywhere there is manifested hope, confidence and evidences of an unyielding purpose to achieve their independence as a people.

What are citizens of the Federal States doing meanwhile? Gambling at the Provost Marshal General; seeking by every imaginable shift, quibble, and subterfuge, to reduce the quotas of States, Congressional districts, cities and towns. All the war-men say "we must whip out these rebels, conquer a peace, drub them into the Union," but none of the gentry who clamor so loudly that there shall be "no compromise with traitors," express any intention of going to the front themselves Some of them, it is true, have bought a Hessian, a Chinaman, an Indian, or even a nigger, to represent them in the field, but that is not the way in which the contest is wound up It is time these valiant war men themselves took hold; the war is to be short and sharp; therefore, Abolitionists, the present is your last chance; glory awaits you—and plenty of fighting! Strap on your knapsacks and strike the last and most vigorous blows at the tottering and falling rebellion.

The New York *Times* thinks the people generally are over confident, and in its issue of Monday, appeals to them to be more zealous and prompt than ever. It bluntly declares that Sherman needs more troops; that it is one thing to march from Atlanta to Savannah without a battle, and decidedly another to successfully prosecute his present campaign—in which he is to keep possession of Savannah; to take and hold Augusta, Branchville and Charleston, and then sweep like the destroying angel straight to Richmond. He is to fight battles this time, and to meet again and yet again, troops and leaders who have divined his purposes and intend to thwart them if possible. The Northern people, the *Times* therefore declares, "must recognize that this will cost continued drains, which must constantly be made good by new supplies."—*Bridgeport (Ct) Farmer.*

Fortunes of a Bounty Broker.

The New York *Post* gives the following description of the case of one of Colonel Baker's victims:

The man is a resident of Brooklyn, where his father, through strict attention to business for years past, has secured a comfortable income, which the son has shared, though not himself industrious, spending most of his time with the "fancy" of the town. Some months since, however, he struck a prolific vein by connecting himself with the recruiting business of New York. He obtained a liberal per centage on each man enlisted, and as the number of these recruits increased largely, the broker soon found himself in possession of wealth.—Eventually he became a prominent object of the envy of his associates; the public eye was fixed upon him, and honest men shook their heads. He exhibited his wealth frequently and in many ways; few persons drove a finer team than his, while at the opera and promenade he appeared in expensive dress in company with a female relative whose diamonds were second to none. Upon his family connections he lavished his means. Among his gifts were hundred dollar hats and a pretty skating cap worth seventy-five dollars. Not long since negotiations were opened for the selection of a country seat for his accommodation, but in the meantime an elegant mansion "on the Heights" was purchased for the item of thirty thousand dollars, and a pew at a first-class premium was secured in a conspicuous part of one of the most popular Brooklyn churches.

A sudden change, however, has come upon this prosperous individual. For several days his face has been missed in his accustomed places. On Sabbath last the pew in church was vacant, and it is not only whispered, but pretty well ascertained that he is in the Old Capitol prison at Washington.

☞Men slip on water when it is frozen, and on whiskey when it isn't.

ARMING THE SLAVES.

The bill which has passed the Confederate Congress, arming the slaves, contains the following provisions:

A bill to increase the military forces of the Confederate States. The Congress of the Confederate States of America do enact that in order to provide additional forces to repel invasion, maintain the rightful possession of the Confederate States, secure their independence and preserve their institutions, the President be and is hereby authorized to ask for and accept from the owners of slaves the services of such number of able-bodied negro men as he may deem expedient for and during the war, to perform military service in whatever capacity he may direct.

SEC. 2. That the general-in-chief be authorized to organize the said slaves into companies, battalions, regiments, and brigades, under such rules and regulations as the secretary of war may prescribe, and to be commanded by such officers as the President may appoint.

SEC 3 That while employed in the service the said troops shall receive the same rations, clothing, and compensation that are allowed to other troops in the same branch of the service.

SEC. 4. That if under the previous section of this act, the President shall not be able to raise a sufficient number of troops to prosecute the war successfully and maintain the sovereignty of the states and the independence of the Confederate States, then he is hereby authorized to call on each state, whenever he thinks it expedient, for her quota of three hundred thousand troops in addition to those subject to military service under existing laws, or so many thereof as the President may deem necessary to be raised from such classes of the population, irrespective of color, in each state, as the proper authorities thereof may determine.—Provided, that not more than twenty-five per cent. of the male slaves between the ages of eighteen and forty-five in any state shall be called for under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 5. That nothing in this act shall be construed to authorize a change in the relation of the said slaves.

The Oath of a Loyal Leaguer.

During the trial of one W. B. N Cozens, before a military court, on the charge of swindling the Government by supplying bad tents, a "loyal" witness who had been sworn to tell "the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth," refused to answer a question put to him by one of the attorneys engaged in the prosecution, because he said, "*he had taken another oath to keep everything secret relating to frauds on the Government!*" He had reference to the "Loyal League" oath, which had been administered to him at the League rooms in Philadelphia! Strange as it may appear, the court sustained the witness, and he was not compelled to answer. Perhaps this was not so strange after all, when we consider that the court-martial in question was composed entirely of Abolition officers, every one of whom, doubtless, had taken the same "Loyal League" oath.

This is a beautiful exposition, truly. We have always felt satisfied that the so-called "Loyal League" was a corrupt and traitorous organization—an organization composed chiefly of bad men, who professed great "loyalty" and love for the negro, the better to enable them to rob the Government and the people. Bad as our opinion of this band of hypocrites was, however, we did not suppose its members were infamous enough to take upon themselves an oath to keep secret everything "relating to frauds on the Government" The secret is now revealed—the cat is out of the bag—and it seems that the main object of the members of the League is to swindle the Government and assist others to do the same, and then protect themselves by an oath, and all this in the name of "loyalty" to the negro! So binding is this oath considered, that a witness before a court refuses to violate it, and in his refusal to do so, he is sustained by the court itself, which is also composed of "Loyal-leaguers." This is indeed alarming, and it would be well for the Grand Juries of the various counties to investigate the matter and present the offenders to court, to be dealt with as they deserve. It is a sworn conspiracy against the integrity of the Government, which should be broken up and those engaged in it punished.

No wonder these wretches are so loud in their professions of "loyalty." No wonder they are in favor of unending war. They are making it pay. But now that the secret is out, and it is made manifest that the whole object the "Loyal League" had in view was robbery and peculation, honest men, who have the welfare of the country at heart, should see to it that this band of knaves are no longer permitted to rob with impunity, and then protect themselves with an oath. Men who band themselves together in this manner deserve banishment from the country or imprisonment for life. —*Carlisle Volunteer.*

KISSING EXTRAORDINARY.—A bounty jumper recently escaped from Gollop's island, Boston Harbor, after having unaccountably unfastened his irons. It was subsequently discovered that a young woman, who had been permitted to come and see him, had a key in her mouth fitting the lock of his fetters. On parting she kissed him, and during the operations transferred the key from her mouth to his, thus facilitating his escape. The girl and the man who made the key for her were arrested.

☞A witty doctor says that tight lacing is of public benefit, inasmuch as it kills off all the foolish girls, and leaves the wise ones to grow up to be wise women.

☞"Husband, I must have some change today." "Well, stay at home and take care of the children; that will be change enough any how."

Odd Notions About Wedding Rings.

It is a vulgar error, the idea of a vein going from the fourth finger of the left hand to the heart. It is said by Swinborn and others, that therefore, it became the wedding finger. The priesthood kept up this idea through the Trinity; for, in the ancient ritual of English marriages, the ring was placed by the husband on the top of the thumb of the left hand, with the words, "In the name of the father," he then removed it to the fore finger, saying, "In the name of the Son;" then to the middle finger, adding "And the Holy Ghost." finally, he left it, as now, on the fourth finger, with the closing word, "Amen."

As to the supposed artery to the heart, Livinus Lemnius quaintly says, "A small branch of the artery, and not of the nerves, as Gellious thought, is stretched forth from the heart unto that finger, the motion whereof you may perceive evidently in all that agitates the heart of woman, by the touch of your forefinger. I used to restore such as were fallen into a swoon by pinching this joint and by rubbing the ring of gold with a little saffron; for by this restoring force, that is in it passeth to the heart, and refresheth the fountain of life, unto which this is joined. Wherefore antiquity thought fit to encompass it about with gold."

By the way a correspondent in a British periodical suggests, that a lady of his acquaintance has had the misfortune to lose the ring finger, and the question is whether she can be married in the Church of England.

In the "British Apollo," it is said that, during the time of George the First, the wedding ring, though placed in the ceremony of the marriage upon the fourth finger, was worn upon the thumb.

The use of this has become so common in England that poor people will not believe the marriage to be good without one; and the notion also that it must be of gold. At Worcester, England, on one occasion, the parties were so poor that they used a brass ring The bride's friends indignantly protested that the ring ought to have been of gold; and the acting officer was threatened with indictment for permitting the use of such base metal.

In another case of humble marriage, the bridegroom announced that the ring was not necessary. The woman entreated to have one. The superintendent of the poor took part with the woman, and represented how the absence of it would expose her to insult; and he kindly hesitated to proceed with the marriage until a ring was produced. The man yielded at last and obtained one. The woman's gratitude brought tears into her eyes.

ROMANCE OF FIRST LOVE.—Some thirty years ago there lived in the city of London an opulent Jewish banker of the name of R. As rich men usually have, the subject of the present sketch had a lovely daughter; rejoicing in the scriptural name of Sarah. As Sarah reached the age of womanhood, her beauty coupled with her father's wealth, drew to her feet many suitors. Only one, however, could gain the prize, and that H., the son of a rich Polish nobleman. But when did the "course of true love run smooth?" H. said his father became mixed up in one of the many revolutions that have occurred in Poland, their estates were confiscated, and they were obliged to flee for their lives.—With the flight of H's. riches, R. discovered that his intended son-in-law would not do, and so told the young people. The lovers separated with vows of eternal constancy, H. emigrating to this country, and Sarah remaining in London. But, as the copy-book says, "out of sight out of mind," and so in this case. The sea had rolled between the lovers for about a year, when a rich suitor paid his addresses to Sarah, who accepted and married him. H. was almost distracted when he heard the news, but, reflection came to his aid, and he consoled himself by also marrying. Years passed on, the husband of Sarah died last year, leaving her a widow, penniless and with eleven children. In the meantime the wife of H. had died, leaving him eight children. When H. heard of the abject condition of his first love, all his old affections returned. He pictured his Sarah poor, and with a large family dependent upon her, which resulted in his sending for her and her children. After mutual reiterations of unchanged affections, the marriage day was fixed and on Sunday the parties were married by a Jewish minister. They numbered one hundred and four years between them—the lady being fifty years of age, with traces of her former great beauty still existing, and the husband being fifty-four years old—The newly married couple have a grown up family of nineteen olive-branches to twine around their domestic hearth-stones.

THE PRESIDENT'S OATH.—The Clerk of the United States Supreme Court, Mr. Middleton, undesignedly opened the bible upon which Mr. Lincoln took the oath of office, on Saturday, at the fifth chapter of Isaiah. We commend the reading of the entire chapter to our readers, but quote two verses, which are quite significant in view of the scenes which had just taken place in the Senate Chamber.

"Woe unto them that rise up early in the morning, that they follow strong drink; that continue until night till wine inflame them!

"Woe unto them that are mighty to drink wine, and men of strength to mingle strong drink."—*New York Tribune.*

☞"Do you think I'll get justice done me?" said a culprit to his counsel. "I don't think you will, for I see two men on the jury who are opposed to hanging," was the reply.

☞Model wives formerly took a stitch in time; now, with the aid of sewing machines, they take one in no time.

☞It is often a pretty good matrimonial firm that consists of three quarters wife and one quarter husband.

BEDFORD GAZETTE.

B. F. MEYERS, EDITOR.

FRIDAY : : : MARCH 24, 1865.



"Short Settlements Make Long Friends."

We have so frequently reminded our friends who are in arrears, of the propriety of settling their accounts, that we feel almost ashamed to call upon them again. But we cannot print a paper without money, and, therefore, we are compelled once more to ask delinquents to pay up. We have made out a number of bills and placed them in the hands of Mr. S. J. McCauslin, who is authorized to receipt for us. Our terms of subscription have not been changed, but owing to the exorbitant prices of all materials used by the printer, we are compelled rigidly to enforce them. Hereafter, *two dollars and fifty cents per year* will invariably be charged, unless the subscription be paid, in cash, at the beginning of the year. This has been a part of our terms for a long time, but heretofore we have not insisted upon it. We hope our friends will not permit us to dun them again.

A Little Singular.

Some very strange things are done by the officers of the conscription. We do not wish to make any factious complaints, and we refer to the case of which we are about to speak, because it affects our political opponents much more severely than the Democracy, and, therefore, our motive in bringing it before the public cannot be misconstrued. Under the recent call, the quota of Bloody Run, was fixed at *eight*. There could be no deficiency in that district, as the previous calls had been filled by volunteers. Yet, of the sixteen men drafted, *thirteen* were held to service. What this means we are unable to comprehend. By the same kind of figuring, Bedford Borough, although having filled its quota, may, under the next call, be drafted for deficiencies under former calls. We should like to see this matter explained.

Pennsylvania and the Cabinet.

Poor Pennsylvania! A hewer of wood and drawer of water for the New England round-heads, they have denied her all representation in the cabinet of Mr. Lincoln. The Yankee states and the Northwest rule the roast. They laugh Cameron to scorn, and as for Forney, they think he does well enough in the President's kitchen, licking the dirty dinner plates. Oh! how are the mighty fallen! How is the once proud crest of the glorious Commonwealth bowed in the dust! *Proh pudor!* oh ye people, how long will you be trampled in the dirt!

☞The Spring election, where there was any contest, and where it was possible for the people to get to the polls, resulted in gratifying successes to the Democracy. In some of the districts, however, there was no contest on political grounds. In several townships but a small vote was polled, owing to the swollen condition of the streams, as in St. Clair and Londonderry. Only about one-seventh of the usual vote was polled in the latter township and in the former but about one-half. Juniata, Napier, Harrison, Schellsburg, Cumb'd Valley, Southampton, Snake Spring and Bedford townships did the clean thing, without a scratch or blemish. A half dozen other districts did very well, but could have done better.

☞H. Nicodemus, Esq., has been Justice of the Peace, in this borough, for ten years. During that time he has been a consistent Democrat, and the result is that he has been re-elected by an overwhelming majority. When elected five years ago, his colleague on the Democratic ticket, was J. W. Lingenfelter, Esq.—Unlike Esq. Nicodemus, the latter proved false to his party and to his early friends, and the result is that at the recent election he received *twenty* votes less for re-election, than did Esq. Nicodemus. Had he been true to the party that first elected him to office, he would not have been thus rebuked.

☞Our friend, O. E. Shannon, Esq., has purchased some oil territory in what is considered the heart of oil-dom. His terms being reasonable, the shares are being taken rapidly. Mr. Shannon purchased this territory, after careful personal inspection, and we have no doubt, made judicious selections. A Prospectus, Maps, &c., can be seen at the banking house of Rupp, Shannon & Co.

To The People.—A Government Intelligence office has been opened in Washington city, D. C., by R. M. Hall & Co., and any persons desiring information concerning any matter connected with the Government Departments, War Office, Ordnance Office, Treasury, Post Office, Pension Office, or concerning bounty, back pay, &c., can have the same furnished them promptly, by addressing these gentlemen and enclosing $2.00. This is a cheap way of getting desirable information of any kind, from Washington. They refer to Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, and Hon. Schuyler Colfax, Speaker of House of Representatives.

EDITORIAL MELANGE.

☞Down—gold.

☞Up—substitutes.

☞Spring-like—the weather and the singing of birds.

☞Plenty—eggs and counterfeit postal currency.

Stirred up—the animals of the Harrisburg *Telegraph*.

☞A subject for the prayers of "loyal" preachers—Andy Johnson.

☞True Blue—New Jersey; she's in favor of the old Constitution and has just elected a Democratic U. S. Senator.

☞Eleven thousand one hundred soldiers who have died since December last, have been buried in the cemetery at Nashville, Tenn.

☞They have had eighty days of good sleighing in Maine. Their winter product there must be maine-ly snow.

☞The sewing women have addressed a protest to President Lincoln against making shirts at one dollar per dozen.

☞A bare-faced act.—A Paris letter brings the important news that the Emperor has shaved off his imperial.

☞Twenty thousand bales of the Savannah cotton have already been received at New York.

☞Over Mr. Herring's truck, in the New York Procession, was the motto: "Our country's safe."—A little fishy, Mr. Herring.

☞An unhappy petroleum speculator confesses to having "loved not wisely but too well."

☞A black man recently testified in a St. Louis court against a white person. Something new there. The world moves.

☞A man in New London, Conn., is building a large church at his own expense.

☞A court in Dayton, O., has awarded a young lady $6,500 damages for breach of promise of marriage. Pays nearly as well as oil."

☞Miss Julia Cobb committed suicide a few days since, by hanging herself in her father's cellar. Her head must have been full of cobwebs!

☞An abolition lady has sent us our own photograph cut all to pieces. The lady in this case cut a prettier figure than she ever did before in her life.—*Louisville Journal*.

☞Queen Victoria has two vacant garters, one of which, it is expecetd, she will bestow upon Lord Cowley.—*Ex*.

We presume because Lord Cowley is supposed to have a calf.

☞Stand corrected.—The Carlisle *Volunteer* says that George Darsie never was Canal Commissioner, but was a defeated candidate for that office. Right, Mr. Bratton.

☞New Hampshire has again elected the Abolition ticket, by about the usual majority. Ephraim is joined to his idols.

☞Mislaid, by the typos, an obituary notice handed us by Rev. B. H. Hunt, of Schellsburg. Will Mr. H. be kind enough to send us another copy?

☞What General in the Federal army ought to have the same advantage in battle that was given to Joshua, when, at his command, the sun stood still? Doubleday, to be sure!

☞Mr. Wm. Dibert, of the Washington Hotel, in this place, is about to remove to the house recently occupied by O. E. Shannon, Esq. Mr. Grove, of Bloody Run, takes his place at the Washington.

☞Maj. John H. Filler, 55th P. V., for a long time a prisoner in the South, returned to his home, in this place, on Monday last. He was welcomed by a serenade. He has been meritoriously promoted to Lieut. Colonel.

☞The report that Andy Johnson passed through Bourbon County, Kentucky, on his way to Washington, is denied; but it is admitted that a great deal of Bourbon county passed through him.—*World*.

☞Mean. The Harrisburg *Telegraph* is in the habit of attacking us without sending us a copy of the paper containing the attack.

☞Our young friends, Wm. Jamison, M. D., and J. Ross Anderson, M. D., have just returned from Philadelphia, having recently graduated from that celebrated institution, the University of Pennsylvania. They are both clever fellows and we wish them abundant success.

☞We call the attention of our readers to the announcement of A. B. Cramer & Co., that they will sell their goods at greatly reduced prices. A word to the wise is sufficient.

☞J. B. Farquhar announces that he will sell his excellent stock of goods at a great reduction in prices. Give him a call, if you want cheap, as well as good, articles.

☞Col. Robert Fyan, of Missouri, is at present on a visit to his old home in this place. Col. Fyan has served with distinguished gallantry in the U. S. Army, since the beginning of the war, having participated in many of the severest battles, among them the bloody fight at Pea Ridge.

☞J. M. Shoemaker has just returned from the east with a stock of new goods which he is selling at reduced prices. All in search of bargains, will give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

☞A rattling among the dry bones. The Democrats have carried Harrisburg, by 174 majority, and York by 237, both largely increased majorities.

☞The soldiers in the service from this borough, voted as follows: Democratic 13, Abolition 9. Good for the proxy law! *Twenty-eight* Democratic voters (citizens) did not get to the polls.

OUR BOOK TABLE.

Harper's Monthly.—The March number of "Harper" is before us. It contains the usual amount of pleasant and instructive reading.—"A tour through Arizona," (illustrated) is an entertaining paper. "Sugar making in Cuba," is full of interest. "Armadale," by Wilkie Collins, and "Our Mutual Friend," by, Charles Dickens, are continued. The editor's table is racy as ever.

Gazlay's Pacific.—The March number of this magazine is on our table. There is a fine frontis-piece—"View of San Francisco, Cal." This periodical is especially devoted to the interests of the Pacific countries. It is well gotten up. The mining department is particularly interesting. See advertisement.

Godey's Lady's Book.—"Godey," for March, is a fine issue. The illustrations are superb. "The Shadow on the wall," a splendid line engraving, and the colored fashion plate, are in the best style of art. "Godey" deservedly maintains its long established reputation as *the* magazine of art and fashion.

Peterson's Magazine.—This favorite of the ladies is especially brilliant this month. A beautiful engraving, entitled "Forest Leaves," embellishes the first page of the number, and *Les Modes Parisiennes* is an excellent representation of the styles for the month. Peterson's stories are always good, especially those of Mrs. Stephens, who is one of the few female authors whose writings received the praise of that great critic, Edgar A. Poe.

American Monthly.—A work which every American gentleman should take and read. It is worth a half a dozen "Atlantic Monthlies." Its literary contents are of a very high order and entirely free from the taint of New England asceticism and the namby-pamby-ism of the day. It is beautifully printed and well gotten up in every particular. Published in New York, by J. Holmes Agnew.

Bedford Borough Election.

The following is the result of the election held in this borough, on Friday last. It will be seen that the Democratic ticket, with two exceptions, was successful.

Democrats		*Abolitionists*	
	Justice of the Peace		
H. Nicodemus,	137	J. W. Lingenfelter,	117
John H. Rush,	103	Levi Agnew	74
	Judge		
J. A. Mowry,	119	William Gephart,	163
	Inspector		
Hiram Lentz,	114	Martin Milburn,	106
	Constable		
S. J. McCauslin,	111	Jon. Brightbill,	106
	Assessor		
J. M. Gephart,	115	J. R. Jordan,	105
	School Director		
Job Mann,	113	Sam'l L. Russell,	114
O. E. Shannon,	112	D. F. Mann,	103
	Chief Burgess		
V. Steckman,	114	T. M. Lynch,	105
	Assistant Burgess		
John Miller,	118	W. W. Shuck,	103
	Councilmen		
A. W. Mower,	115	R. Montgomery,	104
J. Boor,	119	P. H. Shires,	103
	High Constable		
J. Corboy,	127	Shannon Mullin,	96
	Auditors		
J. H. Hutton,	114	N. McMullin,	104
R. R. Sill,	115	John Blymyre,	104
	Town Clerk		
Augustus Carver,	114	No Opposition	

Township Officers.

The following is a list of Borough and Township officers, chosen at the recent elections in this county, as far as reported:

Bedford Borough.—Justices of the Peace, H. Nicodemus, J. W. Lingenfelter; High Constable, J. Curboy; Constable, S. J. McCauslin; Judge, J. A. Mowry; Inspectors, H. Lentz, M. Millburn; Assessor, J. M. Gephart; school Directors, J. Mann, S. L. Russell; Burgess, V. Steckman; Assistant Burgess, J. Miller; Councilmen, A. W. Mower, J. Boor; Auditors, R. R. Sill, J. H. Hutton; Town Clerk, A. Carver.

Bedford Tp.—Constable, D. Heltzell; Assessor, D. Pencyl. Judge, S. Walter; Inspectors, T. Gilchrist, A. Reighard; School Directors, G. Mann, D. Fetter, M. Nawgel; Supervisors, J. Fetter, W. O. Leary; Auditor, S. Reighard; Township Clerk, F. McGirr;

Bloody Run.—Chief Burgess, J. A. Gump; Assistant Burgess, J. M. Vanhorn; Councilmen, F. Felton, Sam'l Bender; High Constable, J. Steckman; School Directors, W. Masters, R. Steckman; Supervisors, M. Ott, J. Wagoner; Judge, F. Felton; Inspectors, V. Steckman, S. P. Lewis; Assessor, J. J. Barndollar; Constable, P. Bottomfield; Auditor, W. P. Barndollar; Town Clerk, J. M. Barndollar.

C. Valley.—Constable, J. Gillam; Judge, J. Sliger; Inspectors, F. Morgart, S. Elliot; Justice of the Peace, A. Zembower; Supervisors G. Elliott, J. McFerran,; School Directors, W. Mason, G. Bortz; Assessor, J. Blair; Auditors, J. Cessna, J. May, Township Clerk, J. B. Whip.

Harrison.—Justice of the Peace, G. R. Bailey; Constable, J. McCreary; Judge, J. Trusime; Inspectors, T. Cook, D. M. Miller;—School Directors, H. Wertz, W. W. Laney, Assessor, G. Baker; Supervisors, C. Faubel-Michael Retinger; Auditor, J. Nycum; Township Clerk, Jacob Clark.

Hopewell.—Justice of the Peace T. N. Young; Constable and Assessor, M. Gates; School Directors, J. B. Fluke, W. Ferguson; Supervisors, W. Harwood, J. Hamm; Judge, J. Gates; Inspectors, J. Richey, W. Fluck, Auditors, tie vote between A. Davis and A. Fluck.

Liberty.—Judge, S. Bollinger, Inspectors, Geo. F. Steel, A. Houpt, Supervisors M. Hoover, E. A. Fockler, Constable, J. Kensinger; Assessor, J. Kensinger, School Directors, S. Bollinger, Sam'l F. Shoup.

Londonderry.—Constable, J. Burket, Judge, J. Evans, Inspectors, J. T. Mattingly, J. Evans, School Directors, Cornelius Devore, S. Miller, D. S. Evans, C. Shafer, J. Evans, J. C. Devore, Assessor, G. May; Supervisors, all candidates ran a tie vote; Auditors, John Evans, James Logue.

Monroe.—Constable, Wilson Nycum; Judge, Nathan Shaw; Inspectors, B. Weimer, H. J. Means; Supervisors, George Steckman, Jacob Fletcher; School Directors, B. Claybaugh, Fred. Mills and Jacob Eletcher ran a tie vote; Assessor, Philip Felton; Auditor, Lewis Koons.

Napier.—Justices of the Peace, R. M. Taylor, Jos. W. Sleek; Constable, Charles Crisman; Judge, C. Whetstone; Inspectors, G. W. Gump, Adam Diehl; Supervisors, Christian Darr, Josiah Adams; School Directors, T. P. Studebaker, G. W. Bowser; Assessor, Wm. Crisman, Auditor, Richard McMullin; Township Clerk, John Whetstone.

Juniata.—Constable, Joseph Horn; Supervisors, Sebastian Wolf, U. Adams; School Directors, Alfred Miller, George G. Burns; Judge, Joseph Garber; Inspectors, John Gillespie, Isaac Rock; Assessor, Fred. Hillegas; Auditor, John Garber; Township Clerk, M. Hillegass.

Providence E.—Constable, Samuel Staley; Judge, Leonard Giffin; Inspectors, George Richey, Samuel Frazey; Supervisors, Adam Mellott, John Swartz; School Directors, N. Mellott, S. Nycum; Assessor, W. H. H. Foor; Auditor, Anthony Felton.

Providence W.—Justice of the Peace, Joseph Fisher; Constable, W. F. Way; Judge, John Sparks; Inspectors, John S. Morris, E. Foster; Supervisors, Andrew Hamler, Jacob Whetstone; Assesor' Elias Clark.

Snake Spring.—Judge, John Henderson; Inspectors, A. J. College, W. C. Ritchey; Constable, N. N. Koons; School Directors, M. S. Ritchey, John Koons, Jesse Hoffman; Supervisors, W. Grissinger, Samuel Wiles; Assessor, Jacob E. Ritchey; Auditor, Edwin Hartley.

St. Clair.—Justice of the Peace, J. H. Wright; Constable, John W. Miller; Judge, Adam Oster; Supervisors, Joseph Reininger, John Wisegarver, School Directors, Jesse Conner, Job Barefoot, Jacob Walter; Assessor, Wm. Oster; Auditor, B. R. Henderson; Inspectors, Josiah Penrose, Jesse Willis.

Southampton.—Justice of the Peace, Wm. Adams; Constable, John Cavender; Judge, Isaac Dicken; Inspectors, Isaac Wilson, Jonathan Owen; Supervisor, N. Walter; Assessor, Wesley Bennet; Auditor, Ed. Northcraft.

Schellsburg Bor.—Burgess, John Smith; Councilmen, Joseph Horn, J. H. Schell, Peter Ewalt, John Kemery; W. Y. Poorman; High Constable, W. Correll; Auditor, John Otto, Town Clerk, Isaac Darr, Judge, A. P. Hamaker, Inspectors, George Beneigh, F. Brittlebrunt, Constable, Jacob Dull, Assessor, W. C Sniveley, School Directors, S. W. Statler, W. J. Rock, Supervisors, John Reininger, Daniel Horn.

Union tp.—Justices of the Peace, Adolphus Ake, A. H. Hull, Constable, W. Lambright, Supervisors, Daniel Griffith and three others a tie; Assessor, Michael Fry, Judge, W. J. Palmer, Inspectors, George Hartle, J. M. Taylor, School Directors, M. Klutz, John H. Imler, Auditor, Moses Gouchenour, Township Clerk, A. P. Moorehead.

Woodberry S.—Justice of the Peace, Adam Haderman, Constable, W. Detwiler, Judge, tie vote, Inspectors, C. B. Kochendarfer, C. L. Buck, School Directors, John S. Brumbaugh, Samuel Working, Supervisors, John Henry, D. S. Eversole, Assessor, J. S. Brumbaugh, Auditor, J. L. Replogle and three others a-tie.

[*From the Pittsburg Gazette, Republican.*]

Vice President Johnson.

We have hitherto refrained from commenting upon the fact that the Vice President disgraced himself and the nation by appearing in a state of intoxication at the time of his induction into office and inflicting upon his hearers a maudlin, drunken speech, not because we hoped thereby to hide the unpleasant fact upon our readers, or shrink from condemning the grievous fault committed, but because we hoped that a little delay would bring us some mitigation of the report, and render the transaction less disgraceful than was at first stated. We have waited, however, in vain; and now that the facts are beyond dispute, we join with the Republican press of the country in telling the Vice President that having utterly disgraced himself, subjected his party to the keenest mortification, and made his country a laughing stock in the eyes of the world, the least reparation he can make is to resign. After the exhibition of himself, he cannot occupy that place any longer with honor or credit. His good name is lost, and he cannot regain it by holding on to a place he has disgraced. If he attempts to hold on to it he will thereby show himself insensible to shame, and therefore all the more unfitted for that high position.

But what if he does not resign? Then let him be impeached, or reached in some other way by the action of the Senate.

Sherman Retaliating for the Murder of his Foragers.

Headquarters Military Division of the Mississippi, in the Field, Feb. 24, 1865.—Lieut. Gen. Wade Hampton, Commanding Cavalry Forces C. S. A., General—It is officially reported to me that our foraging parties are murdered after capture, and labeled "Death to all foragers." One instance of a lieutenant and seven men, near Chesterfield and another of twenty, "near a ravine, eighty rods from the main road," about three miles from Feasterville. I have ordered a similar number of prisoners in our hands to be disposed of in like manner.

I hold about a thousand prisoners captured in various ways, and can stand it as long as you; but I hardly think these murders are committed with your knowledge, and would suggest that you give notice to the people at large that every life taken by them simply results in the death of one of your confederation.

Of course you cannot question my right to forage on the country. It is a war-right as old as history. The manner of exercising it varies with circumstances; and if the civil authorities will supply my requisitions, I will forbid all foraging. But I find no civil authorities who can respond to calls for forage or provisions, and therefore must collect directly of the people. I have no doubt this is the occasion of much misbehavior on the part of our men, but I cannot permit an enemy to judge or punish with wholesale murder.

Personally, I regret the bitter feelings engendered by this war but they were to be expected; and I simply allege that those who struck the first blow and made war inevitable ought not in fairness to reproach us for the natural consequences. I merely assert our war-right to forage, and my resolve to protect my foragers to the extent of life for life.

I am, with respect, your ob't servant.

W. T. Sherman, Maj. Gen. U. S. A.

General Hampton's Reply.

Headquarters, in the Field, Feb. 27, '65.—Maj. General W. T. Sherman, U. States army: General—Your communication of the 24 inst., reached me to-day. In it you state that it has been officially reported that your foraging parties were "murdered" after capture, and you go on to say that you had "ordered a similar number of prisoners in your hands to be disposed of in like manner." That is to say you have ordered a number of Confederate soldiers to be "murdered."

You characterize your order in proper terms, for the public voice, even in your own country where it seldom dares to express itself in vindication of truth, honor or justice, will surely agree with you in pronouncing you guilty of murder, if your order is carried out.

Before dismissing this portion of your letter, I beg to assure you for every soldier of mine "murdered" by you I shall have executed at once two of yours, giving in all cases, preference to any officers who may be in my hands.

In reference to the statement you make regarding the death of your foragers, I have only to say I know nothing of it; that no orders given by me authorize the killing of prisoners after capture; and I do not believe that my men killed any of yours, except under circumstances in which it was perfectly legitimate and proper they should kill them.

It is a part of the system of the thieves whom you designate as your foragers to fire the dwellings of those citizens whom they have robbed. To check this inhuman system, which is justly execrated by every civilized nation, I have directed my men to shoot down all of your men who are caught burning houses. This order shall remain in force as long as you disgrace the profession of arms by allowing your men to destroy private dwellings.

You say that I cannot, of course, question your right to forage on the country. "It is a right as old as history." I do not, sir, question this right. But there is a right older even than this, and one more inalienable—the right that every man has to defend his home and to protect those who are dependent upon him; and from my heart I wish that every old man and boy in my country who can fire a gun, would shoot down, as he would a wild beast, the men who are desolating their land, burning their houses and insulting their women.

You are particular in defining and claiming "war rights." May I ask if you enumerate among them the right to fire upon a defenseless city without notice; to burn that city to the ground after it had been surrendered by the authorities, who claimed, though in vain, that protection which is always accorded in civilized warfare to non-combatants; to fire the dwelling-houses of citizens, after robbing them, and to perpetrate even darker crimes than these—crimes too black to be mentioned?

You have permitted, if you have not ordered, the commission of these offenses against humanity and the rules of war. You fired into the city of Columbia without a word of warning. After its surrender by the Mayor, who demanded protection to private property, you laid the whole city in ashes, leaving amid its ruins thousands of old men and helpless women and children, who are likely to perish of starvation and exposure. Your line of march can be traced by the lurid light of burning houses, and in more than one household there is an agony far more bitter than that of death.

The Indian scalped his victim regardless of sex or age, but with all his barbarity he always respected the persons of his female captives. Your soldiers, more savage than the Indian, insult those whose natural protectors are absent.

In conclusion, I have only to request that whenever you have any of my men "disposed of," or "murdered," for the terms appear to be synonymous with you, you will let me hear of it, in order that I may know what action to take in the matter. In the meantime I shall hold fifty-six of your men as hostages for those whom you have ordered to be executed. I am yours, &c.,

Wade Hampton, Lieut. General.

THE WAR.

Several Federal gunboats have been sent up the Cape Fear river from Wilmington towards Fayetteville to open communication with Gen. Sherman. The Confederate steamer Chickamauga is sunk in the channel, forty miles above Wilmington, and she will have to be removed before the gunboats can ascend above. The Cape Fear river is navigable all the way to Fayetteville for vessels of light draft. The distance by the river from Wilmington is one hundred and twenty miles. The distance by road to Fayetteville is one hundred miles. Gen. Sherman writes from Fayetteville, on March 12, to General Grant. He states that at Columbia, Cheraw and Fayetteville he captured eighty-eight cannon, and destroyed the Confederate arsenals and the railroad depots.—He says nothing officially of Gen. Kilpatrick's defeat.

Extensive preparations are being made in Grant's camp for the contemplated advance of the Federal army. General Longstreet is in command of the Confederates at Petersburg, and it is reported that Gen. Lee has gone to Goldsboro, to superintend the operation against Sherman.

It is announced that the reason Sheridan turned back from Lynchburg in his recent raid, was that he found Lynchburg strongly fortified and garrisoned. He has not yet been heard from.

The roads in the neighborhood of Richmond have become thoroughly dried, and can bear artillery and trains. We may therefore expect to hear very soon of a movement by Gen. Grant. The Confederates are very active—troops are constantly moving to and fro, and it is reported that a detachment of Lee's army has gone South to oppose Sherman. There are also rumors that the Confederates at Petersburg are preparing to attack Grant. All the sick, wounded, and non-combatants in the Federal camp have been sent to City Point.

General Sheridan has passed to the east of Richmond. On the 15th he was on the line of the Richmond and Fredericksburg railroad, twenty miles due north of Richmond. He has destroyed a great deal of railroad and other property. It is expected that he will soon communicate with Grant's right.—*Age*.

A CARD.

The undersigned, with full and most grateful hearts, take this method of tendering their long to be cherished thanks to their fellow citizens of Bedford, male and female, for their Herculean efforts to save their valuable property from entire destruction by fire on the 14th inst. Stout hearts and strong arms performed all they could for the old soldier and his family, in their old age. Sympathy is not, and was not wanting in this our great temporal trial and loss, but God will provide.

Mrs. E. D. Talliaferro,
Law. Talliaferro, Major U. S. A.

IF YOU WANT TO KNOW

A LITTLE OF EVERYTHING relating to the human system, male and female; the causes and treatment of diseases; the marriage customs of the world; how to marry well and a thousand things never published before read the revised and enlarged edition of "Medical Common Sense," a curious book for curious people, and a good book for every one. 400 pages, 100 Illustrations. Price $1.25. Contents table sent free to any address. Books may be had at the book stores, or will be sent by mail, post paid, on receipt of the price. Address

Dr. E. B. Foote, M. D.
1130 Broadway, New York.

Feb. 3, 1865—6m

Notice of Inquisition.

Whereas, James S. Lane, a nephew of John N. Lane, late of the City of Lancaster, Pennsa., dec'd, presented a petition to the Orphans' Court, in the County of Bedford, State of Pennsylvania, on the 13th day of February, 1865, setting forth that the said John N. Lane, died intestate, unmarried, and without issue on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1855, and that the parties interested in the partition and valuation of the real estate of the said dec'd, are as follows: Alice T. Taylor, of Pine Grove, Clark County Kentucky; William N. Lane, of Irvine, Estell County Kentucky; James S. Lane, of Pine Grove, Clark County Kentucky; Madison T. Ritchie, Alexander H. Ritchie, Rebecca C. Ritchie, [a minor whose guardian is James S. Lane] of Winchester, Clark County Kentucky; and Polly Ritchie, of Maysville, De Kalb County Missouri; [the said Alice T. Taylor, William N. Lane and James S. Lane, being children of William N. Lane, who was a brother of said intestate; and Madison T. Ritchie, Alexander H. Ritchie and Rebecca C. Ritchie, children of Clarissa N. Ritchie, dec'd., who was a daughter of said William N. Lane, and Polly Ritchie the widow of Wm. S. Ritchie, a son of said Clarissa N. Ritchie, dec'd., who was a son of said intestate, since petitioners intestate, leaving William T. Ritchie and Sterling P. Ritchie, neither of whom are since dec'd., intestate, unmarried, and without issue;] George W. Webb and Edwin B. Webb of Carmi, White County Illinois; Willoughby L. Webb, by L. Webb, of the City of Philadelphia; Sons of Martha C. Webb, dec'd., who was a sister of said intestate, and Susan Webb and George Webb, the younger, being children of John L. Webb, who was a son of said Martha C. Webb;] Mary Ann Kennedy and Rebecca Hunter, of Charlestown, Jefferson County Virginia; [children of Willoughby W. Lane, dec'd., who was a brother of said intestate;] Isaac N. Carter, of Charlestown, Jefferson County Virginia; and Mary F. Martin, of Mount Sterling, Montgomery County Kentucky; [children of Sarah Ann Carter, dec'd., who was a sister of said intestate;] Mary N. Nicklin, of Charlestown, Jefferson County Virginia; [a child of George S. Lane, dec'd., who was a brother of intestate;] John A. Lane, James S. Lane and Elliott E. Lane, [minors whose guardian is Richard S. Jenkins, of the City of Philadelphia,] and Harriet R. Lane, of the City of Lancaster, aforesaid, [the said Harriet R. Lane being a child of Elliott T. Lane, dec'd., who was a brother of intestate, and John N. Lane, James B. Lane, and Elliott B. Lane, being children of James B. Lane, who died intestate, who was a son of said Elliott P. Lane;] that the said John N. Lane, died, seized in his demesne, as of fee, (inter alia) in nine pieces, or tracts of land, situate in said Bedford County, in Broad Top Township, as follows, viz:

1. The one thereof adjoining the John Chevington tract, William Lane, Isaac Grove, Michael Sipes, William Bunn, and others, containing four hundred and thirty-one acres, and one hundred and thirty perches, and allowance of land, surveyed on warrant of 11th April, A. D 1795; granted to John Chevington, and patented by the Commonwealth, by parent of 16th of June, 1853; to Richard D. Wood and Lewis T. Watson, who by Deed of Indenture, of the 5th day of July, A. D. 1853; granted and conveyed to John N. Lane, his heirs and assigns forever in fee.

2. Another thereof containing four hundred and two acres and three quarters, and allowance, which the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by warrant dated the 25th day of February, A. D. 1806; granted to William Bunn, and the same which Richard D. Wood, and his wife, and Lewis T. Watson, and his wife, by Deed of Indenture, of the 5th day of July, A. D. 1853; granted and conveyed to John N Lane, his heirs and assigns in fee.

3. Another thereof, containing two hundred and twenty-five acres and one fourth, and allowance of land, which the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by patent dated the 14th day of December, A. D. 1798; granted and conveyed unto Leonard Sayle, and the same which Richard D. Wood, and his wife, and Lewis T. Watson and his wife, by Deed of Indenture of the 5th day of July, A. D. 1853; granted and conveyed unto John N. Lane, his heirs and assigns forever in fee.

4. Another thereof, containing two hundred and ten acres and allowance of land, which the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by patent dated the 26th day of October, A. D. 1849, granted and conveyed unto John Tod, and the same which Richard D. Wood, and his wife, and Lewis T. Watson, and his wife, by Deed of Indenture of the 5th of July, A. D. 1853; granted and conveyed unto John N. Lane, his heirs and assigns forever fee.

6. Another tract adjoining land of Wm. T. Daugherty, containing three hundred and sixty acres and thirty perches, and allowance of land, being the same, the undivided moiety or half part whereof, Samuel Pleasants, and his wife, by Deed of Indenture of the 13th day of September, A. D. 1853; granted and conveyed unto John N. Lane, his heirs and assigns forever in fee; and the other undivided moiety or half part, whereof Lewis T. Watson, and his wife, and Jerman Jacob, and his wife, by Deed of Indenture of the 15th day of September, A. D. 1853; granted and conveyed to John N. Lane, his heirs and assigns forever, in fee.

7. Another thereof, adjoining lands of Hopewell Firm and Baltzer Swartz, containing one hundred and sixty acres, and ninety-six perches, and allowance of land, which the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania by warrant dated the 9th day of June, A. D. 1853; granted to John McLain; and which the said John McLain and his wife, by Deed of Indenture dated the 30th day of March, A. D. 1854; granted and conveyed to J. N. Lane forever, in fee.

8. Another thereof, adjoining lands of [Raystown Branch of the Juniata river,] Hopewell Company, William Lowry's improvement, and others, containing three hundred and forty-two acres, and one hundred and six perches, and allowance of land, being the same tract of land which was originally surveyed on a warrant for four hundred acres to Daniel Kerr, dated 21st day of March, A. D. 1794; returned as containing three hundred and sixty-five acres and allowance, and accepted in the land office of Pennsylvania, on the 23rd day of December, A. D. 1830, and for which a patent dated the 4th day of October, A. D. 1855, was issued by the Commonwealth to John Savage, his heirs and assigns forever, and which John Savage and his wife, by Deed of Indenture of the 17th day of November, A. D. 1855; granted and conveyed to John N. Lane, his heirs and assigns forever, in fee.

9. The other thereof, adjoining lands of John Zook and Jacob Myers, containing eleven acres, and sixteen perches, and allowance of land, which the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, by patent dated the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1853, granted and conveyed to Thomas M. Long, and which the said Thomas M. Long, and his wife, by Deed of Indenture dated the 11th day of April, A. D. 1854; granted and conveyed to John N. Lane, his heirs and assigns forever, in fee. And praying the Court to award an inquest to make partition of the premises aforesaid, to and among the heirs and legal representatives of the said intestate, which said inquest was, upon motion of S. L. Russell, Esq., awarded according to the prayer of the petitioner.

NOTICE is therefore given to all persons interested, that in pursuance of a writ of partition or valuation to me directed, I will proceed to hold an inquisition on the premises, on Monday, the 24th day of April, A. D. 1865; when and where they can attend if they see proper.

Sheriff's Office, March 24, 1865—4t. } JOHN ALDSLADT, Sheriff.

...tising. $1 00 / 1 50 / 50

STAND FROM UNDER!

CHEAP CORNER COMING DOWN WITH A CRASH.

J. B. FARQUHAR, has been to the City purchasing his Spring Stock, and takes pleasure in stating he is fully prepared to sell

AT

A reduction of from twenty-five to fifty per cent

ON FORMER PRICES.

WE ask the public to examine our stock, as we are determined not to let any one under sell us.

COLONNADE BUILDING,

J. B. FARQUHAR,

MARCH 25th, 1865.

BROWN MUSLIN FIFTY CENTS,

At

CHEAP CORNER.

CALICO TWENTY-FIVE CENTS,

At

CHEAP CORNER.

DELAINES THIRTY-FIVE CENTS,

At

CHEAP CORNER.

GOOD mackerel in Barrels, half Barrels, Quarters and Kits at

FARQUHAR'S

CHEAP CORNER!

EAST PITT STREET,

BEDFORD, March 24, 1864.

Save Money!

Buy your Goods at

REDUCED PRICES!

ALL KINDS OF GOODS—

Carpetings, Muslins,

Calicoes, &c., &c.,

at greatly rduced prices for Cash, at

CRAMER & CO'S.

March 24, 1865.

Bedford County, ss:

SEAL. At an Orphans' Court held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1865, before the Judges of the said Court.

On motion of John P. Reed, Esq., the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Catharine Lowry, late of Harrison township, dec'd., to wit: Frederick; 2nd, Jacob; 3rd. Mary Ann wife of Emanuel Turner; 4th, and Henry, residing in Bedford County, 5th, John Emanuel residing in Somerset County, Pa., and 6th, Lewis; residence unknown, said to be in California, to be and appear, at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Bedford, in for the County of Bedford, on the 1st Monday, 1st day of May next, to accept, or refuse to take the real estate of said dec'd., at the valuation which has been valued and appraised in pursuance of a writ of partition, or valuation, issued out of our said Court, and to the Sheriff of said County directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of the said Court, at Bedford, the 13th day of February, A. D. 1865.

O. E. SHANNON,
Bedford, March 24, 1865. Clerk.

Bedford County, ss:

L.S. At an Orphans' Court, held at Bedford, in and for the County of Bedford, on the 13th day of February, A. D. 1865.

On motion of Atty Koontz, the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of Jacob Cook, late of Southampton township, Somerset County, Pennsylvania, dec'd., to wit: Jesse, Dennis, Mary now dec'd., who was intermarried with David Hay, leaving issue Calvin and William Hay, Calvin T. Hay, being a minor, of whom Peter S. Hay, is Guardian, Sarah, now dec'd., who was intermarried with George G. Walker, leaving issue Jacob, Catharine, Eliza, Sarah and Samuel, all of Somerset County, the three latter of whom Samuel Walker is Guardian, Jacob Cook, now dec'd., leaving issue Solomon, Sarah, intermarried with Peter Boor, and Samuel, now living in Somerset County, of whom A. J. Colborn, is Guardian, (*ad litem*.) and Elizabeth Ann intermarried with William Benford, residing——County Pennsylvania, John Cook, Henry Cook and William Cook, all of Londonderry township, Bedford County, Pennsylvania, George Cook, new residing in Fulton County, Indiana, and Catharine, intermarried with Jacob Hardin, now residing in Lee County, Illinois, to be, and appear at an Orphans' Court held at Bedford on the 1st Monday, 1st day of May next, to accept, or refuse to take the Real Estate of said dec'd., at the valuation, which has been valued and apprasied in pursuance of a writ of Partition or valuation issued out of our said Court, and to the Sheriff of said County directed, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and the seal of the said Court, at Bedford, the 13th day of February, A. D. 1865.

O. E. SHANNON,
Bedford, March 24, 1865. Clerk.

Notice of Inquisition.

WHEREAS, Anna Rininger, widow of Henry Rininger, late of St. Clair township, dec'd., presented a petition, setting forth that the said Henry Rininger, lately died intestate, leaving a widow, the said Anna, and issue six children, to wit: Malinda, intermarried with Martin Blackburn, residing in Cedar County, Iowa, Joseph Rininger, in Cedar County, Iowa, George Rininger, residing in Bedford County, Pa., John Rininger, Jeremiah Rininger, and Ellen Rininger, residing in Cedar County, Iowa, all of whom are minors, and have for their Guardian (*ad litem*) William Clark, that said intestate died seized in his demesne, as of fee, of, and in a certain tract of land, adjoining lands of William Clark, Joseph W. Sleek, Thomas W. Blackburn, John Ake, and others, containing about one hundred and twenty-five acres, more or less, and praying the Court to make partition of the premises aforesaid, to and among the heirs, &c., whereupon the Court awarded an inquest to make partition according to the prayer of the petitioner.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of a writ of partition, or valuation to me directed, I will proceed to hold an inquisition on the premises, on Monday, the 17th day of April, 1865, when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

JOHN ALDSTADT,
Bedford, March 24, 1865. Sheriff.

NOTICE TO TRESPASSERS.

All persons are hereby forbidden from Fishing, Hunting, Driving cattle, or otherwise trespassing on our premises, as the law will be rigidly enforced against all who are found thus violating, without respect to persons.

MICHAEL B. STIFFLER,
JOS. B. STIFFLER.
Union Tp, March 24, 1865.

A CARD TO INVALIDS.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE.

Please enclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself. Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York.

February 10, 1865—1y

Notice in Partition.

BY virtue of a writ of Partition, or valuation issued out of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, I will proceed to value and appraise the Real Estate of Catharine Miller, late of Harrison township, Bedford County, dec'd., to wit: One tract of land in Harrison township, Bedford County, containing one hundred and eight acres, and one fourth, with a double log house, stable, and spring house, thereon erected, about 40 acres cleared, adjoining lands of Samuel Hoffman, Isaac Devore, John V. Wertz, and others, on Thursday, the 13th day of April, 1865; at 1 o'clock, P. M., when and where all parties interested may attend if they think proper. The heirs of said Catharine Miller are, 1st, Mary Ann, wife of Peter F. Lehman, Esq., of Juniata township, Bedford County, Pa., 2nd, Sophia, wife of John V. Wertz of Harrison township 3d Susan wife of Andrew Ball, of Londondery township, 4th Catharine wife of Peter Aaron of Venango County 5th Hester wife of Daniel M. Miller of Harrison township 6th the issue of Sarah a dec'd daughter to wit, 1, Elizabeth Miller of Bedford township 2nd Susan wife of of George Leddig, of Londondery township, 3rd, John S. Miller, of Harrison township.

JOHN ALDSTADT,
Bedford, March 24, 1865. Sheriff.

OLD EYES MADE NEW.

A PAMPHLET directing how to speedily restore sight and give up spectacles, without aid of doctor or medicine. Sent by mail, free, on receipt of 10 cents. Address, E. B. FOOTE, M. D., 1130 Broadway, New York.

February 3, 1865—6m.

Auditor's Notice.

THE undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to distribute the money in the hands of the Executors of the last will, &c., of Frederick Berkheimer, dec'd., to and amongst legatees and devisees, will attend to the duties of his appointment, on Friday, the 31st day of March, inst., at his office, in the Borough of Bedford, when and where all parties interested can attend.

JNO. P. REED,
March 17, 1865. Auditor.

VALUABLE FARM AND TANNERY FOR SALE!

THE undersigned offer for sale, their valuable limestone farm situated in Bedford township, Bedford county, adjoining lands of Philip Zimmers, Charles Smith and others, containing 250 acres. 200 acres of which are cleared and in a rich state of cultivation balance well timbered. This property lies about 4 miles North of Bedford, on Dunning's Creek, near the Bedford and Hollidaysburg Turnpike. There are upon the farm a

LARGE BRICK DWELLING-HOUSE,

A Large Bank Barn and other important buildings. There is also a fine orchard of apple, peach and other fruit trees upon the premises. The farm is divided into fields of 14 acres each, enclosed with post and rail fence. About 50 acres are in meadow. There is an excellent spring of never failing water close to the Dwelling-House. Also, upon the Southwest corner of the farm, there is located,

A LARGE TANNERY,

Containing 160 vats, with all the necessary buildings, the whole yard being under roof. The tannery is now and has been for years, in successful operation. Twenty-five acres of the farm will be sold with the tannery, if the latter be sold separately. Upon these twenty five acres there are six tenant houses.

For further particulars address

T. H. & N. J. LYONS,
March 17, 1865. BEDFORD, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned Executors of the last will and testament of J. Weisel, dec'd, will sell at public outcry, on the premises, on Thursday, the 13th day of April next, all the following described Real Estate, situate in St. Clair Township, Bedford County, to wit: All that tract of land, now in the possession of John Wertz, situate on the Johnstown Road, about three miles from Pleasantville, containing

222 ACRES,

121 perches more or less, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with a Dwelling-House, and Double Log Barn thereon erected. There is also an apple orchard of choice fruit upon the premises. The tract is well supplied with good running water, and is covered with fine locust, chestnut, and other valuable timber.

—*ALSO*—

there will be sold on Friday, the 15th of April, on the premises, in the same township, one other tract containing 251 acres and 23 perches, more or less, the same being the mansion property of said dec'd. and situate within one mile of St. Clairsville, about 125 acres of this tract are cleared and under fence, and the balance of the tract is well covered with white pine, oak and other valuable timber.—There is also a good log Dwelling-House and Double Log Barn upon the premises. This farm is well supplied with water, and there is an orchard of choice fruit upon the premises. Both of the above tracts of land are patented, and titles indisputable.

TERMS.—One third in hand at confirmation of Sale, and the balance in two equal annual payments, without interest.

JOHN WEISEL,
JOHN FICKES, } EXECUTORS.
March 17, 1865.

COOK'S EVAPORATOR AND CANE MILLS.

THE undersigned is agent for the above named machines, at manufacturer's prices. Pamphlets describing the use of machines, and the process of manufacturing syrup and sugar from sorgho, can be had by applying to him by letter or otherwise, or by calling at the "*Gazette*" office.

The undersigned has also on hand, and for sale, a large lot of pure sorgho seed, which can be had by application to him, or at the store of P. A. Reed, Bedford. He manufactured last season, several hundred gallons of sorgho syrup, which sells for $1.50 per gallon. From 150 to 300 gallons can be produced to the acre.

J. H. SCHELL,
March 10, 1865. SCHELLSBURG, Penn'.

A Most Excellent Medicine.

J. F. CARPENTER'S RHEUMATIC FLUID.—Persons suffering from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Diptheria, Burns, &c., will find this a most excellent remedy. It comes to us recommended by some of the best men in the State—and in this community Try a bottle and see for yourself. For sale at A. L. Defibaugh's, Bedford. April 29, 1864—1y.

C. N. HICKOK, J. G. MINNICH, JR.,

DENTISTS,

BEDFORD, PA.

Office in the Bank Building, Juliana St.

All operations, pertaining to Surgical or Mechanical Dentistry carefully and faithfully performed, and warranted.

TERMS—CASH.

Bedford, January 6, 1865.

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General Subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent. interest, per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of August 15th, 1864, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent.

GOLD-BEARING BONDS.

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent., including gold interest from Nov., which makes the actual profit on the 7-30 loan, at current rates, including interest, about ten per cent. per annum, besides its *exemption from State and municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent. more*, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One cent per day on a $50 note.
Two cents " " $100 "
Ten " " " $500 "
20 " " " $1000 "
$1 " " " $5000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the

GREAT POPULAR LOAN OF THE PEOPLE.

Less than $200,000,000 remain unsold, which will probably be disposed of within the next 60 or 90 days, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscription to other loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT, *Philadelphia*.

SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED by the First National Bank of Hollidaysburg, and First National Bank of Huntingdon.

February 24—2mo

Receipts and Expenditures

OF THE

POOR & HOUSE OF EMPLOYMENT of Bedford county for the year ending January 1, 1865.

GEORGE BLYMYER, TREASURER, DR.

Received from A. Croyle collector for	1860	$141	45
" Hezekiah Barkman	1861	14	20
" Jonathan Hyde,	1862	68	36
" John Wayde		140	00
" John Feaster		48	94
" Francis Beard		63	28
" James R. Donahoe		25	78
" H. Nicodemus	1863	301	39
" Jacob Fetter		372	45
" Peter Ewalt		28	27
" Samuel Bender		18	23
" David Sparks		71	29
" L. N. Fyan		10	58
" Thomas Fisher		34	52
" D. A. T. Black		95	00
" David Carpenter		237	08
" George Beegle		230	03
" John C. Figard		127	16
" Peter Winegardner		144	59
" Aaron Reed		431	08
" Alfred Entriken		41	14
" Wm. M. Pearson		30	46
" John W. Crisman		65	00
" Baltzer Fletcher		131	40
" James E. Kay		61	21
" U. H. Akers	1864	205	26
" Henry Beegle		200	00
" John C. Figard		60	00
" Samuel Bender			10
" Wm. Mason		100	00
" Herbert Shoemaker		218	00
" Wm Gorsuch		101	00
" Alexander Shoemaker		100	00
" George Gardill		100	00
" Benjamin Valentine		100	00
" John Echart		85	00
" Wm. Stuckey		199	00
" Wm. Crisman		160	00
" James Fisher		100	00
" Peter Barton		100	00
" Archibald Perdew		100	00
" Samuel Beckley		250	00
" George Smouse		190	00
" Wm. J. Rock		40	00
" George Beegle		200	00
" Samuel Crisman		172	00
" Solomon Barley		186	00
" George Widel, Steward		57	00
Balance due from last settlement		331	22
		$6,388	46

GEORGE BLYMYER, TREASURER, CR.

By amount paid on sundry checks, viz:		
Adolphus Ake salary as Poor Director	$20	00
J. Mower services as Attorney	20	00
N. J. Lyons wheat and bill of goods	36	00
Henry Kauffman beef	6	36
Dr. J. Compher salary, medicine and int.	23	13
Adolphus Ake beef and interest	32	58
Joseph Sellers wheat and rye	24	25
W. M. Hall grain in mill	17	00
Henry F. Smith beef	8	84
J. L. Prince removing pauper	5	90
J. C. Reighart funeral expenses of J. Swartz	14	98
Isaac Cobbler do do J. Johnson	10	00
T. Ridenour applebutter	4	00
Edmund Blackburn applebutter	7	00
Josiah Gephart wheat	3	50
J. S. Riddle applebutter	18	00
Adam Croyle applebutter	21	00
David Koontz applebutter and beef	28	22
Asa Silvers beef	27	58
Jacob Croyle applebutter	11	00
Herbert Shoemaker overpaid on duplicate	4	23
Abraham Reighard beef and interest	48	90
Scott & Beeler beef and interest	24	80
Elizabeth Williams applebutter	14	00
Mrs. E. Drenning support of son	9	00
Maria Fisher support of Mrs. Wertz	10	00
H. Nicodemus, Esq., issuing orders	2	75
Adam Dibert beef	21	99
L. Jamison beef	16	45
D. Defibaugh making coffin	3	00
John Snider corn	30	00
R. Fyan bills of merchandize	50	31
Wm. M. Cook beef	10	14
Shuck Brothers bill of merchandize	69	01
Wm. Oster beef and applebutter	16	59
Wm. Herring toll	2	50
Mary J. Johnson support	8	30
B. F. Burnham work at mill	4	00
B. F. Meyers printing and interest	79	00
D. Bollman removing pauper	4	00
Francis Corle merchandize	6	50
Adolphus Ake salary	20	50
S. Reighard salary	20	00
Asa Stuckey balance on horse	10	00
S. Reighard bill of costs	12	96
Daniel Shuss cider	6	00
S. Reighard pork	20	79
Jacob Semler grain	6	62
Dr. J. Compher salary	20	00
William Forney applebutter	13	90
A. B. Cramer rye in mill	19	26
A. B. Cramer & Co. bacon	241	50
Solomon Reighard bacon	10	81
Jacob Over wheat	5	00
D. Dibert applebutter	9	19
D. Jamison applebutter	1	87
J. Noble & Co. manufactured goods & int.	74	31
W. N. Sipes beef	14	45
Wm. M. Cook beef	9	43
Jacob Brumbaugh beef	18	00
T. M. Lynch overpaid on duplicate	52	86
V. Steckman hire horse and wagon & int.	7	78
J. Baughman castings	6	50
Wm. Beegle bill at sale	6	54
John A. Mowry balance on account	6	98
B. F. Burnham work at mill and interest	312	42
Job Mann balance on grain	15	00
Josiah Gephart freight	3	00
T. R. Gettys salary and int.	27	73
Henry Fluke removing pauper and int.	5	65
S. A. Carmac removal of paupers	11	00
Asa Stuckey beef	38	22
John Snider interest on sundry checks	301	57
Isaac Lippel bill of merchandize	220	51
S. Reighard services rendered	5	00
A. Ake services as Director	20	00
G. H. Spang, Esq., services	20	00
Wm. Welch ditching	40	00
M. Moorehead blacksmithing	15	28
Thomas Jamison beef	52	86
S. Reighard beef and cider	41	00
Solomon Reighard salary	20	00
Maria Fisher support for E. Wertz	15	00
John Derl removal of pauper	5	50
John Mower, Esq., services as attorney	20	00
A. W. Mower freight on goods	3	00
Samuel Ridenour	10	00
Asa Silver applebutter	16	00
George Rhodes overpaid on duplicate	32	42
A. J. Bowers merchandize	12	92
Samuel Davis interest on $500 00 check	30	00
J. G. Hartley applebutter	15	00
I. H. Thorp removing pauper	6	00
A. Greenawalt straw	6	50
Levi Diehl applebutter	20	75
Asa Stuckey beef	11	41
Joseph Gates removing pauper	4	57
Charles Heltzel beef	7	25
William Forney applebutter	12	50
William Chenoweth beef	13	86
Frederick Schnebley beef	33	88
M. Moorehead blacksmithing	10	90
A. Fisher splitting staves and interest	3	21
A. J. Burns merchandize and interest	13	77
Wm. Millburn two planes and int.	3	11
Jos. Negley keeping pauper and int.	6	47
J. L. Prince removing pauper and int.	6	52
Isaac Thorp removing pauper and int.	6	77
B. W. Garretson cow	23	00
George Hardinger	1	55
Jos. Negley keeping pauper and int.	6	59
T. C. Garrett lumber and int.	3	44
J. W. Barndollar coal and int.	6	62
J. Alsip shoes and int.	7	20
H. Dorsey beef and int.	9	96
D. Trostle mill spindle, step and int.	7	32
G. G. Gibson freight and int.	10	21
Geo. Dibert clover seed and int.	3	92
Mary J. Johnson support 3 months and int.	6	24
H. C. Reamer drugs and int.	10	56
Royal & Royer drugs	24	27
John Bridaham	2	91
T. R. Gettys salary and int.	11	41
W. O. Leary 3 quarters salary and int.	282	15
George Gray one bull	35	00
Wm. O. Leary interest on checks	38	30
Dr. J. Compher salary and freight on drugs	21	00
J. R. Durborrow printing and int.	70	37
T. R. Gettys salary and int.	11	57
W. D. Bequeath removal of pauper	3	50
A. G. Allen freight on goods	7	28
George Widel salary and int.	95	25
Wm. Millburn checks in full and int.	65	12
A. Ake beef and int.	60	78
Wm. B. Miller sugar	46	37
Wm. Herring toll	2	50
Thomas Jamison beef	34	79
S. & W. W. Shuck bill of goods	15	61
V. Steckman horse hire and manure	15	50
Mary J. Johnson support	6	00
Charles R. Rea interest on check	6	00
G. Blymyer & Son cook stove, tinware, &c.,	93	43
James Negley	18	75
Percentage allowed collectors	349	60
Exonerations to collectors	212	10
Stationery, &c.	15	00
Treasurer's salary	60	00
Auditors' and Clerk's salary	30	00
	$4,692	45
Balance due county	1,696	01
Total	$6,388	46

Amounts Due from Collectors.

Lemuel Evans, Broad Top township	1858	$42	71
Jacob A. Nicodemus M. Woodberry	"	9	64
Baltzer Fletcher, Monroe	1862	22	13
John Wayde, Napier	"	8	66
George Beegle, Union	1863	25	80
Wm. M. Pearson, M. Woodberry	"	32	26
John W. Crisman, St. Clair	"	31	14
Baltzer Fletcher, Monroe	"	19	34
Henry Beegle, Bedford township	1864	32	30
John C. Figart, Broad Top	"	107	70
Samuel Bender, Bloody Run bor.	"	13	15
Alexander Shoemaker, Harrison	"	20	04
George Gerdill, Juniata	"	42	50
William Crisman, Napier	"	152	11
Joseph Fisher W. Providence	"	31	75
Peter Barton, E. Providence	"	58	10
Archibald Perdew, Southampton	"	79	20
Samuel Beckley, St. Clair	"	116	98
George Beegle, Union	"	54	96
Samuel Crisman, S. Woodberry	"	304	29
Solomon Barley, M. Woodberry	"	377	42
Total		$1,552	27

We the undersigned, Auditors of Bedford county, do certify that we have examined the foregoing account of George Blymyer, Treasurer of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county, and find the same to be just and true as above stated, and that there is a balance in the hands of said Treasurer of $1,696 01. Witness our hands and seals this 5th day of January, A. D. 1865

JOHN H. BARTON, [L. S.]
DANIEL BARLEY, [L. S.]
DAVID EVANS, [L. S.]

Attest—T. R. GETTYS, Clerk.

STATEMENT AND REPORT

OF GEORGE WIDEL,

Steward of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford County, for the year ending January 1st, 1865.

DR.

To 10 barrels of flour	$73	00
To 35 pounds of flour	1	20
To check for balance on settlement	90	16
To 5 bushels of wheat from D. Shuck	7	00
To one barrel of flour from J. C. Kiser	7	00
To one barrel of flour	7	00
To 4 bushels of corn	4	00
To one barrel of flour	7	00
To one barrel of flour	7	00
To 2 bushels of rye	2	50
To one barrel of flour	7	00
To 2 bushels of rye	2	50
To one barrel of flour	7	50
To 3 bushels of rye	3	50
To 3 bushels of wheat	6	80
To 2½ bushels of rye	3	75
To cash received from drovers	5	00
To 2 bushels of rye	3	00
Balance	73	64
Amount	$317	75

1864 CR.		
January 1, by balance on settlement	90	16
Cash paid for toll	2	50
George Blymyer treasurer	34	50
Paid for tinware at sale		75
Wm. Herring toll	1	00
George Blymyer treasurer	32	00
H. Dorsey on account	2	50
Expenses to Clearville	1	50
J. Alsip on account	2	18
At sale for goods	1	00
—— Ruby on account	6	88
E. Norris repairing locks	1	00
Wm. Herring toll		80
Removing pauper		25
S. Reighard staves	15	30
Mill license	10	00
Wareham for timber	1	50
S. Reighard for produce	2	00
Expenses to Cambria county for pauper	9	49
Wm. Herring toll	3	50
D. Heltzel lumber	1	10
Removing pauper		50
Medicine for horses	1	00
Wm. Herring toll	1	60
Removing Pauper	1	18
Expenses to Saxton	4	32
D. Gardner freight	2	25
Lime and toll	3	40
Removing paupers to Philadelphia	8	00
S. Naus butchering	4	00
Work at race	3	00
J. R. Reighard repairing clock	1	00
Wm. Herring toll		60
S. Reighard dried apples	7	90
Wm. Herring toll		60
Wood ladders and fruit	2	50
S. Naus harvesting	14	50
Postage stamps	1	30
Rye straw	5	80
Expenses to Hopewell	1	80
Expenses to Hollidaysburg	3	95
Altering stock		60
J. Border locks and rakes	1	00
Wm. Herring toll	1	60
Removal of pauper	2	75
Clothing for pauper	3	50
Wm. Herring toll	1	85
Expenses in hauling coal	3	89
Expenses removing pauper	1	50
Two pairs of spectacles		90
Wm. Herring toll	1	40
Half a bushel of timothy seed	3	00
Expenses in hauling coal	2	75
Removing paupers		75
Hauling coal	2	00
Lime and produce	1	05
	$317	75

STATEMENT OF POOR HOUSE MILL

From January 1, 1864, till January 1, 1865.

DR.	Wheat.	Rye.	Corn.	B. W.
Amount of grain brought in as per monthly reports	602¼	131	38	64
Raised on farm		52		
Total amount	602¼	183	38	64
CR.				
Grain used in Poor House	445	11	33	46
Horse feed		130		
Sold to sundry persons	151¾	43½	4	2
Total	596¾	184½	37	48

Produce of Farm and Garden.

28 tons of hay, 130 bushels of oats, 375 bushels of ears of corn, 5 loads of corn fodder, 68 bushels of rye, 700 bushels of potatoes, 15 bushels of turnips, 30 bushels of beets, 3,000 heads of cabbage, 8 bushels of beans, 4 barrels of sourcrout, 6 barrels of vinegar, 5 barrels of pickles, 3,600 pounds pork, 375 pounds lard, 400 pounds veal, 12 bushels onions, 1 bushel small onions, 15 bushels tomatoes, 10 bushels parsnips, 60 pounds hard soap, 14 barrels soft soap, 160 pounds wool, 7 calf skins, 268 pounds of butter.

Stock on Farm.

3 head of horses, 8 cows, 1 bull, 65 sheep and 12 hogs.

Articles Manufactured by Matron.

83 men's shirts, 43 chimeses, 28 women's dresses, 8 aprons, 23 women's sacks, 17 children's dresses, 12 children's aprons, 10 children's skirts, 26 pillow slips, 15 pair men's drawers, 21 sheets 8 women's caps, 15 women's skirts, 9 comforts, 9 children's shirts, 34 towels, 7 sun bonnets, 12 shrouds, 24 pairs of stockings, 54 pairs of socks, 41 pairs of men's pants, 15 round jackets.

List of Paupers admitted, discharged, died, &c., during each month and the number remaining at the end of each month; also, the average number supported in the house during the year, together with the number of out door paupers supported by the institution from the 1st day of January, 1864, till the 1st of January, 1865.

	Admitted	Discharged	Deaths	Births	Bound out	Females Remaining	Males Remaining
January	4					27	41
February	3	2	4			26	39
March	2	1				28	38
April	1	1				28	38
May	5		1			28	41
June	1	1				27	42
July			1		2	28	42
August	3		1	1		30	43
September	1	1				30	43
October	5	2	1		1	27	46
November		1	3			24	45
December	1		1	1		24	46

Making an average of 69½ per month, of whom 6 are colored, 2 blind, 26 insane, also 181 wayfaring persons were provided with board and lodging; there are also 12 outdoor paupers who are not included in the above.

We the undersigned, Directors of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county, do certify that we have examined the above account, statement and report of George Widel, Steward of the Poor and House of Employment of Bedford county, from the 1st day of January, 1864, till the 1st day of January, 1865, and find the same to be correct. Witness our hands and seals this 1st day of January, A. D. 1865.

SOLOMON REIGHARD, [L. S.]
HENRY MOSES, [L. S.]
HIRAM DAVIS. [L. S.]

Attest—T. R. GETTYS, Clerk.

WM. W. PAUL. D. J. HOAR

H. L. HOOD,

WITH

WM. W. PAUL & CO.,

WHOLESALE

BOOT & SHOE WAREHOUSE,

623 Market St. & 614 Commerce St. above Sixth

PHILADELPHIA.

December 16, 1864—1y.

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,

(SUCCESSORS TO MICHAEL WARTMAN & CO.)

Tobacco Snuff and Segar

MANUFACTORY,

No. 318 NORTH THIRD STREET,

Second door below Wood,

PHILADELPHIA.

J. W. WARTMAN. H. P. ENGELMAN.
March 25, 1864.

FELIX HEYMAN

WITH

Arnold, Nusbaum & Nirdlinger.

Importers, Jobbers, and Wholesale Dealers in

CLOTHING,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tailors' Trimmings, &c.

Nos. 333 Market Street, and 27 North Fourth Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

OFFERS great inducements to Wholesale Dealers from the Country, in quantity, quality, style, prices and terms.

Merchants, Tailors and Dealers visiting Philadelphia, will find it to their advantage to call and examine stock and learn prices before purchasing elsewhere. Dec 9, 1864—1y

GAZLAY'S PACIFIC MONTHLY.

Now is your time to subscribe for our New PACIFIC MONTHLY, which we cheerfully commend to you as the Excelsior of all the

MONTHLY MAGAZINES.

Employing and paying more for Literary talent than any other Magazine in the country, we flatter ourselves that no department of the PACIFIC MONTHLY will suffer neglect from the want of able and well known

LITERARY CONTRIBUTORS,

representing some of the principal shining lights of the Literary world. We shall make such additional engagements as circumstances may demand. Your special attention is called to our

ILLUSTRATIONS,

which are produced, without regard to expense, by an efficient *corps* of artists—at whose head stands BRIGHTLY and MCLENAN, unequalled as Designers and Engravers. We call the attention of the Public to the profusion of first class illustrations of the varied, novel and picturesque scenery and local views of the

GOLDEN STATES AND TERRITORIES OF THE PACIFIC.

With descriptive views and reading matter, affording the most reliable and comprehensive medium in existence for full information in regard to California, Oregon, Nevada, and their contiguous and auriferous territories. The information we give in regard to the Pacific States, alone, is worth ten times the subscription price of our Magazine. The twelve numbers, a year's subscription, when neatly bound, affording two splendid volumes, suitable for the

DRAWING-ROOM, LIBRARY, OR THE COUNTING-HOUSE,

and costing but FIVE DOLLARS, which in years to come can not be purchased for any price. Our

EDITORIAL DRAWER

will abound with selections of Wit, Original Stories, Comic Sketches, and light Literature, culled from a well-garnered storehouse of fun, fact and incident, affording interesting light reading matter for the Parlor and the Fire-side.

COMIC ILLUSTRATIONS.

This Department of the Monthly, under the immediate supervision of MCLENAN, the celebrated Comic Delineator, will be found always rich in Wit, Merriment, and appropriate Design.

FASHION PLATES.

Having made special arrangements with Mme. DEMOREST, 473 Broadway, New York, for contributions to our Fashion Department, we call the attention of the Ladies to the same, and commend our Monthly to their notice, as containing more information in regard to Dress and the Toilet, than any other Magazine published.

SUBSCRIBE NOW!

Now is the time to subscribe, and have your volume complete for 1865. We will furnish back numbers to such as do not subscribe in time for the January or February number. But to be sure and get them without delay, send in your subscriptions early. Our subscription price is

FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR,

Payable in advance, upon the receipt of which our receipt, for the same, will be sent in return.

PREMIUMS IN GOLD!

As an additional inducement to subscribe early, we shall distribute among our subscribers a large list of valuable Premiums, relying upon an extraordinary large subscription list to compensate us for our liberality. These premiums will consist of valuable Souvenirs of the golden wealth of the Pacific States, and will be as follows:—

☞ To any person sending us One Hundred Paying Subscriptions, we will send them *immediately*, a Twenty and a Ten Dollar Gold Piece, California coinage, and an extra copy of the PACIFIC MONTHLY for a year, *free*.

☞ To any person sending us Fifty Paying Subscribers, we will send, *immediately*, a Ten and a Five Dollar Gold Piece, and an extra copy of the PACIFIC MONTHLY for a year, *free*.

☞ To any person sending us Twenty-five Paying subscribers, we will send, *immediately*, a Five Dollar and a Two-and-half Dollar Gold Piece, and an extra copy of the PACIFIC MONTHLY for a year, *free*.

☞ To any person sending us Ten Paying subscribers, we will send, *immediately*, a Three Dollar Gold Piece, and an extra copy of the PACIFIC MONTHLY for a year, *free*.

☞ To any person sending us Five Paying subscriptions, we will send an extra copy of the PACIFIC MONTHLY for a year, *free*.

☞ We are, also, having made, a large quantity of valuable PRESENTS and KEEPSAKES for single subscribers, who send direct to the Office.

The Presents and Souvenirs consist of Ladies' Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve-Buttons, etc.; and Gentlemen's Breast-Pins, Finger-Rings, Sleeve-Buttons, Studs, Settings for Cane-Heads, etc., made from California and Nevada Gold and Silver bearing Quartz and Ore—Crystalized Quartz Jewelry, (commonly known as California Diamond Jewelry.) The Gold and Silver bearing Quartz and Ore from which these Souvenirs are made, is made from the celebrated GOULD & CURRY and Ophir mines of Nevada, and will be valuable as mementos, as well as beautiful in appearance and design. EVERY REGULAR SUBSCRIBER, as above, to the PACIFIC MONTHLY, will be entitled to one of these articles for every subscription standing opposite their names on our books.

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121 Nassau Street, New York.
WHITE & BAUER,
San Francisco, California.

January 27, 1865—1y.

BEDF Ayer's RSAPARILLA,

THE WORLD'S GREAT REMEDY FOR

Scrofula and Scrofulous Diseases.

From Emery Edes, a well-known merchant of Oxford, Maine.

"I have sold large quantities of your SARSAPARILLA, but never yet one bottle which failed of the desired effect and full satisfaction to those who took it. As fast as our people try it, they agree there has been no medicine like it before in our community."

Eruptions, Pimples, Blotches, Pustules, Ulcers, Sores, and all Diseases of the Skin.

From Rev. Robt. Stratton, Bristol, England.

"I only do my duty to you and the public, when I add my testimony to that you publish of the medicinal virtues of your SARSAPARILLA. My daughter, aged ten, had an afflicting humor in her ears, eyes, and hair for years, which we were unable to cure until we tried your SARSAPARILLA. She has been well for some months."

From Mrs. Jane E. Rice, a well-known and much-esteemed lady of Dennisville, Cape May Co., N. J.

"My daughter has suffered for a year past with a scrofulous eruption, which was very troublesome. Nothing afforded any relief until we tried your SARSAPARILLA, which soon completely cured her."

From Charles P. Gage, Esq., of the widely-known Gage, Murray & Co., manufacturers of enamelled papers in Nashua, N. H.

"I had for several years a very troublesome *humor* in my face, which grew constantly worse until it disfigured my features and became an intolerable affliction. I tried almost every thing a man could of both advice and medicine, but without any relief whatever, until I took your SARSAPARILLA. It immediately made my face worse, as you told me it might for a time; but in a few weeks the new skin began to form under the blotches, and continued until my face is as smooth as any body's, and I am without any symptoms of the disease that I know of. I enjoy perfect health, and without a doubt owe it to your SARSAPARILLA."

Erysipelas—General Debility—Purify the Blood.

From Dr. Robt. Sawin, Houston St., New York.

"DR. AYER. I seldom fail to remove *Eruptions* and *Scrofulous Sores* by the persevering use of your SARSAPARILLA, and I have just now cured an attack of *Malignant Erysipelas* with it. No alterative we possess equals the SARSAPARILLA you have supplied to the profession as well as to the people."

From J. E. Johnston, Esq., Wakeman, Ohio.

"For twelve years, I had the yellow Erysipelas on my right arm, during which time I tried all the celebrated physicians I could reach, and took hundreds of dollars worth of medicines. The ulcers were so bad that the cords became visible, and the doctors decided that my arm must be amputated. I began taking your SARSAPARILLA. Took two bottles, and some of your PILLS. Together they have cured me. I am now as well and sound as any body. Being in a public place, my case is known to every body in this community, and excites the wonder of all."

From Hon. Henry Monro, M. P. P., of Newcastle, C. W., a leading member of the Canadian Parliament.

"I have used your SARSAPARILLA in my family, for general *debility*, and for *purifying the blood*, with very beneficial results, and feel confidence in commending it to the afflicted."

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Sore Eyes.

From Harvey Sickler, Esq., the able editor of the Tunkhannock Democrat, Pennsylvania.

"Our only child, about three years of age, was attacked by pimples on his forehead. They rapidly spread until they formed a loathsome and virulent sore, which covered his face, and actually blinded his eyes for some days. A skilful physician applied nitrate of silver and other remedies, without any apparent effect. For fifteen days we guarded his hands, lest with them he should tear open the festering and corrupt wound which covered his whole face. Having tried every thing else we had any hope from, we began giving your SARSAPARILLA, and applying the iodide of potash lotion, as you direct. The sore began to heal when we had given the first bottle, and was well when we had finished the second. The child's eyelashes, which had come out, grew again, and he is now as healthy and fair as any other. The whole neighborhood predicted that the child must die."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

From Dr. Hiram Sloat, of St. Louis, Missouri.

"I find your SARSAPARILLA a more effectual remedy for the secondary symptoms of *Syphilis* and for syphilitic disease than any other we possess. The profession are indebted to you for some of the best medicines we have."

From A. J. French, M. D., an eminent physician of Lawrence, Mass., who is a prominent member of the Legislature of Massachusetts.

"DR. AYER. My dear Sir: I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent remedy for *Syphilis*, both of the *primary* and *secondary* type, and effectual in some cases that were too obstinate to yield to other remedies. I do not know what we can employ with more certainty of success, where a powerful alterative is required."

Mr. Chas. S. Van Liew, of New Brunswick, N. J., had dreadful ulcers on his legs, caused by the abuse of mercury, or *mercurial disease*, which grew more and more aggravated for years, in spite of every remedy or treatment that could be applied, until the persevering use of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA relieved him. Few cases can be found more inveterate and distressing than this, and it took several dozen bottles to cure him.

Leucorrhœa, Whites, Female Weakness,

are generally produced by internal *Scrofulous Ulceration*, and are very often cured by the alterative effect of this SARSAPARILLA. Some cases require, however, in aid of the SARSAPARILLA, the skilful application of local remedies.

From the well-known and widely-celebrated Dr. Jacob Morrill, of Cincinnati.

"I have found your SARSAPARILLA an excellent alterative in diseases of females. Many cases of Irregularity, Leucorrhœa, Internal Ulceration, and local debility, arising from the scrofulous diathesis, have yielded to it, and there are few that do not, when its effect is properly aided by local treatment."

A lady, unwilling to allow the publication of her name, writes:

"My daughter and myself have been cured of a very debilitating Leucorrhœa of long standing, by two bottles of your SARSAPARILLA."

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Neuralgia,

when caused by *Scrofula* in the system, are rapidly cured by this EXT. SARSAPARILLA.

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS

possess so many advantages over the other purgatives in the market, and their superior virtues are so universally known, that we need not do more than to assure the public their quality is maintained equal to the best it ever has been, and that they may be depended on to do all that they have ever done.

Prepared by J. C. AYER, M. D., & Co., Lowell, Mass., and sold by

B. F. Harry, Bedford, J. E. Colvin, Schellsburg, J. M. Barndollar, Bloody Run; L. Putt, Stonerstown; G. B. Amick, St. Clairsville; D. Stoner, Woodberry; R. Ralston, Water Street; and dealers everywhere. July 1, 1864.

NEW CARPETING.

A large supply of LIST and all WOOL Capeting. Also—Floor Oil Cloths, all widths, at

Dec. 2 1864. CRAMER & CO'S.

NEW GOODS.

The undersigned have just opened a large and general assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

Embracing many varieties of fabrics, new and beautiful.

Having on hand a large stock purchased previous to the late advance, we are enabled to offer many

BARGAINS

THAT CANNOT BE FOUND ELSEWHERE.

Our friends, customers, and public generally, are respectfully invited to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing, as we are determined to sell at SHORT PROFITS, thereby ensuring large sales.

TERMS—CASH, PRODUCE, or FOUR MONTHS credit to those who will pay us promptly.

☞Interest charged on all accounts after due.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

December 2, 1864.

LADIES:

At Cramer & Co's you will find Cloaking Cloths, Shawls, Cloaks Hoods, &c., very cheap.

December 2, 1864.

CLOTHING:

A good assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING just received at CRAMER & CO'S.

December 2, 1864.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

Consumptive sufferers will receive a valuable prescription for the cure of Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all Throat and Lung Affections, (free of charge,) by sending their address to

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings Co., N. York.

DRUG STORE FOR SALE.

I OFFER FOR SALE MY DRUG STORE,

ON JULIANA STREET, BEDFORD. Terms reasonable.

H. C. REAMER.

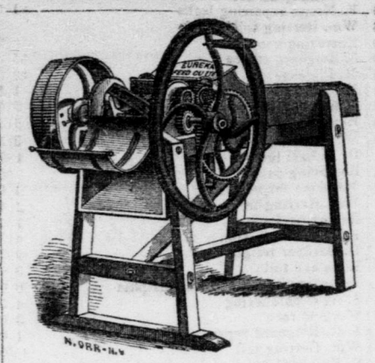
December 9, 1864

REMOVAL.

J. B. FARQUHAR has removed his store to the Colonnade immediately opposite the Nicholas Lyons stand. All his former patrons and the public generally, are invited to call and see him.

January 6, 1865.

WM. HARTLEY'S COLUMN.



The Eureka Hay, Straw and Fodder Cutter and Crusher,

Will save to any farmer who has six head of horses to keep, at least $150 in one season.

This machine has been improved since last year, and is pronounced by the farming public "The best Cutter ever invented."

Having sold more than 100 of these cutters the past year, I respectfully beg leave to refer to a few farmers of Bedford county who have them in use:

Judge Burns,	Daniel Walter,
John Schnebley,	Abraham Reighard,
Samuel Boor,	M. B. Miller,
Simon Nycum,	John Shank,
Jacob Fetter,	John W. Hoover,
C. K. Rea,	Michael Schafer,
John S. Brumbaugh,	John N. Teeter,
Henry Harshberger,	Henry Clipper,
Samuel Griffith,	Jacob Yont,
Jacob Biddle,	John Halderbaum,
Isaac Imler,	Martin Hoover,
Adam Dibert,	Wm. Grisinger,
John Whiteline,	Frederick Schnebley,
Adam Samel,	J. Irvin Noble,
Henry Stiffler,	George Bowser,
William Rock,	David Kains,

William Keyser and some 60 other farmers, all of whom I am confident will speak of this machine in the highest terms of praise.

On account of the great scarcity of mechanics, the high price of material, and the great demand for these machines, I was unable to secure enough to supply the demand last season. And having now but 40 on hand, farmers desiring to secure cutters

MUST ORDER SOON.

—ALSO—

I still have in store an elegant assortment of

Hardware of all kinds,

which I will close out at very fair prices.

Farm Implements,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

ALWAYS ON HAND.

THE BEST

Coal Oil and Lamps

AT THE LOWEST RATES.

CORN SHELLERS,

CIDER MILLS,

CLOVER HULLERS,

GRAIN DRILLS,

MOWING & REAPING MACHINES,

which I will sell during the winter at much less than they will be sold for next season.

SAUSAGE MEAT CUTTERS,

at old prices.

BUTCHER KNIVES, MEAT SAWS,

REVOLVERS of different kinds.

SADDLERY,

SHOE FINDINGS,

MILL SAWS, at old rates.

IRON, NAILS, GLASS, &c.

Being desirous of closing up my business, all indebted to me will please settle at once—and persons desiring any thing in my line, will find it to their advantage to call, as I am determined to close out my present stock of goods at LOWER RATES than goods can now be purchased for elsewhere.

ALWAYS ON HAND,

The very best Coal Oil made.

CLEAR AND BRIGHT,

CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST.

Thankful for the very liberal share of patronage which I have heretofore received, I respectfully solicit a continuance of the same.

WM. HARTLEY.

Bedford, November 18, 1864.

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.

Just published in a sealed envelope. Price Six Cts.

A LECTURE on the Nature, Treatment and radical cure of Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy and Fits, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c. By ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequences of Self abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. THIS LECTURE WILL PROVE A BOON TO THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain, sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, N. Y. Post-office Box 4586.

Feb. 6. (Nov. 25, '64)

IMPORTANT TO ALL INVALIDS.

IRON IN THE BLOOD.

It is well known to the medical profession that IRON is the Vital Principle or Life Element of the blood. This is derived chiefly from the food we eat, but if the food is not properly digested, or if, *from any cause whatever*, the necessary quantity of iron is not taken into the circulation, or becomes reduced, the whole system suffers. The bad blood will irritate the heart, will clog up the lungs, will stupefy the brain, will obstruct the liver, and will send its disease-producing elements to all parts of the system, and every one will suffer in whatever organ may be predisposed to disease.

The great value of

Iron as a Medicine

is well known and acknowledged by all medical men. The difficulty has been to obtain such a preparation of it as will enter the circulation and assimilate at once with the blood. This point, says Dr. Hayes, Massachusetts State Chemist, has been attained in the Peruvian Syrup, by combination in a way before unknown.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

is a PROTECTED solution of the PROTOXIDE OF IRON. A NEW DISCOVERY IN MEDICINE, that strikes at the root of disease by supplying the blood with its *Vital Principle or Life Element—Iron.*

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

Cures Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Fever and Ague, Loss of Energy, Low Spirits.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

Infuses strength, vigor, and new life into the system, and builds up an "*Iron Constitution.*"

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

Cures Chronic Diarrhœa, Scrofula, Boils, Scurvy, Loss of Constitutional Vigor.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

Cures Nervous Affections, Female Complaints, and all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder.

THE PERUVIAN SYRUP

Is a SPECIFIC for all diseases originating in a BAD STATE OF THE BLOOD, or accompanied by *Debility* or a *Low State of the System.*

Pamphlets containing certificates of cures and recommendations from some of the most eminent physicians, clergymen, and others, will be sent FREE to any address.

We select a few of the names to show the character of the testimonials.

JOHN E. WILLIAMS, ESQ.,
President of the Metropolitan Bank, New York.
Rev. ABEL STEVENS,
Late Editor Christian Advocate and Journal.
Rev. P. CHURCH,
Editor New York Chronicle.

Rev. John Pierpont,	Lewis Johnson, M. D.,
Rev. Warren Burton,	Roswell Kinney, M. D.,
Rev. Arthur B. Fuller,	S. K. Kendall, M. D.,
Rev. Gordon Robins,	W. R. Chisholm, M. D.,
Rev. Sylvanus Cobb,	Francis Dana, M. D.,
Rev. T. Starr King,	Jeremiah Stone, M. D.,
Rev. Ephraim Nute, Jr.,	J. Antonio Sanches, M. D.,
Rev. Joseph H. Clinch,	Abraham Wendell, M. D.
Rev. Henry Upham,	A. A. Hayes, M. D.,
Rev. P. C. Headley,	J. R. Chilton, M. D.,

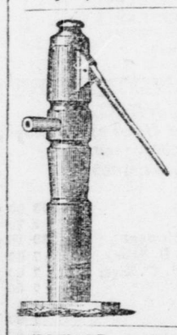
Rev. John W. Olmstead, H. E. Kinney, M. D.
Prepared by N. L. CLARK & CO., exclusively for J. P. DINSMORE, No. 491 Broadway, New York.
Sold by all Druggists.

REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE
Heals Old Sores.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE
Cures Burns, Scalds, Cuts.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE
Cures Wounds, Bruises, Sprains
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE
Cures Boils, Ulcers, Cancers.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE
Cures Salt Rheum, Piles, Erysipelas.
REDDING'S RUSSIA SALVE
Cures Ringworm, Corns, &c., &c.
No Family should be without it.
ONLY 25 cents a box.

FOR SALE BY

J. P. DINSMORE, No. 491 Broadway, New York.
S. W. FOWLE & CO., No. 18 Tremont St., Boston,
And by all Druggists and Country Storekeepers.

May 13, 1864—eowly.



PUMPS!!!

I am engaged in selling the Erie Pump—certainly the only pump well adapted to this climate.

Persons in need of a good pump will do well to give me a call.

☞Orders from all parts of the county will be attended to with promptness.

ADDRESS:
WM. C. SNIVELY,
Schellsburg.

Aug. 1, 1864.—3m

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Diseases of the Nervous System, Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, Impotence, and other affections of the Sexual Organs, Physical Debility and Premature Decay—new and reliable treatment, in reports of the Howard Association, sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, HOWARD ASSOCIATION No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

July 29, 1864—1y.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Samuel S. Stuckey, late of Napier township, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of Bedford county, to Asa Stuckey, of Snake Spring township, and John S. Stuckey, of Napier township, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

ASA STUCKEY,
JOHN S. STUCKEY,
Executors.

March 17—6t*

FOR SALE OR *TRADE!*

A Farm in Bedford township, owned by John H. Rush, about four miles from Bedford, containing 180 acres, about 80 acres cleared, with log house, log barn and other out-buildings thereon erected; also, an apple orchard thereon.

ALSO—A tract of land containing fifteen acres, about seven acres cleared with a story and a half log house and log stable thereon erected, adjoining lands of Joseph Brickey, John A. Imgrund and others, situate in Juniata township. The cleared land is in good order, and the balance well timbered, all capable of easy improvement and cultivation.

ALSO—A tract of land in Harmon's Bottom, Juniata township, with log house, barn, &c., thereon erected, containing 70 acres and allowance. Part of this tract is cleared and under fence and in a good state of cultivation—near to a school house, mill, &c., adjoining lands of Scott, Low, Hughes and others, and lately purchased from William Hurley.

ALSO—A tract of land in Union township, containing 225 acres, 72 acres cleared, with a farm house, tenant house, double log barn and new Saw Mill thereon erected. Also, an apple orchard thereon—known as the "Snyder" or "Koons" property.

60 acres of land—10 cleared and under fence with a log house thereon erected, adjoining George Troutman, George May and others, partly in Juniata and partly in Londonderry Townships, lately owned by Andrew Wolford.

ALSO—166 acres near Stoverstown within ½ mile of Broad Top Railroad—about 100 acres cleared, with a two story dwelling house—new bank barn, stable, &c., thereon erected; also, two apple orchards thereon, of choice fruit. The soil is a rich loam, and capable of producing every variety of crops of this climate.

ALSO—160 acres best quality of prairie—near the Missouri river, close to the county seat of Harrison county, Iowa.

ALSO—Two 160 acre tracts, adjoining Elkhorne city, in the richest valley of the west the Platte Valley—about 20 miles west of Omaha city, and close to the great national or government road leading west in Nebraska Territory.

ALSO—160 acres, two miles above Omaha city, on the great bend of the Missouri. This tract is well timbered and very desirable. All of these lands were located after a personal inspection and careful examination of the ground, and can be well relied upon for future wealth. Maps showing the precise location are in my possession.

ALSO—Three desirable lots in Omaha City, Nebraska Territory.

ALSO—A lot of ground in the city of Dacotah, Nebraska Territory

The above real estate will be sold at such prices as to insure safe and profitable investments.

Notes or obligations of any kind, that are good, will be taken in exchange—particularly good bank notes.

May 8, 1863. O. E. SHANNON,

P. A. REED,

HAS ON HAND

AND CONSTANTLY KEEPS

A FULL SUPPLY

OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS.

WHICH HE WILL SELL CHEAP FOR

CASH OR COUNTRY PRODUCE

Bedford, Jan. 8, 1864.

RICHARD LEO.

MANUFACTURER OF

CABINET-WARE, CHAIRS, &C.,

BEDFORD, PA.

The undersigned being engaged in the Cabinet-making business, will make to order and keep on hand every thing in his line of manufacture.

BUREAUS, DRESSING STANDS, PARLOR AND EXTENSION TABLES, CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, WASH-STANDS, &C., &C.

will be furnished at all prices, and to suit every taste. COFFINS will also be made to order.

☞Prompt attention paid to all orders for work.

☞Shop on West Pitt Street, nearly opposite the residence of George Shuck.

RICHARD LEO.

July 10, 1863.—tf

UNION HOTEL.

WEST PITT ST., BEDFORD, PA.

V. STECKMAN, Proprietor.

This excellent hotel is now prepared to accommodate the public in the best manner and on the most liberal terms. A splendid

LIVERY STABLE

is attached to this hotel. [May 9, 1862.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,

BEDFORD, PA.

S. S. Diehl and William Dibert would respectfully announce to their friends in Bedford county, and the public generally, that they have leased for a term of years, this large and convenient brick hotel, at the corner of Pitt and Juliana streets, Bedford, Pa., known as the "WASHINGTON HOTEL," and lately kept by Mrs. S. Filler.

This house is being thoroughly re-fitted and re-furnished, and is now open for the reception of guests. Visitors to the "BEDFORD SPRINGS" and persons attending Court, will find this house a pleasant and quiet temporary home. Every attention will be paid to the accommodation and comfort of guests. The table will at all times be supplied with the best the markets afford. Charges will be moderate. Extensive stabling is attached to this Hotel, and a careful and competent hostler will be in attendance.

Special attention will be paid to the accommodation of the farming community.

Coaches leave this house daily (Sunday excepted) at 6½ o'clock, A. M., and 2 o'clock, P. M., to connect with the trains going East from Mount Dallas and Bloody Run. A coach will also leave tri-weekly (Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday) for Somerset. The traveling public will find it decidedly to their advantage to stop with them.

Bedford, Jan. 22, 1864—tf.

Public Sale

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford county, the undersigned administrator and trustee for the sale of the real estate of John Metzger, late of Juniata township, Bedford county, deceased, will sell at public outcry upon the premises,

on Saturday, the 18th day of March, next,

all the following described property, to wit:

A TRACT OF LAND situate in Juniata township, Bedford county, adjoining lands of John Tredwell, on the north, Alexander W. Shoemaker on the north east, Ellen Showman and Daniel Metzger on the east, Emanuel Palmer on the south east, Leonard May and John Kerr on the south, and Frederick Hildebrant on the west, containing 404 acres and 34 perches, about 175 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story and a half BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, Tenant house, a large Bank Barn, a stable sufficient for stabling 40 horses, and other out-buildings thereon erected. The above described property being a fine location for a hotel and being situated within two miles and a half of the line of the proposed Southern Railroad. Sale to commence at one o'clock of said day.

JOHN ALSIP, Adm'r.

February 24—4t

New Winter Goods,

AT

J. M. SHOEMAKER'S CHEAP STORE,

NOW OPENING.

His customers and the public generally are invited to call and examine for themselves.

HIS GOODS

ARE OF THE BEST QUALITY, AND

CHEAP AS THE CHEAPEST!

LOOK

TO YOUR OWN INTEREST

BY EXAMINING MY STOCK.

A LARGE LOT OF

READY-MADE CLOTHING,

Boots and Shoes,

OF EXCELLENT QUALITY,

AND VERY CHEAP,

form a part of my new stock.

MENS' WINTER WEAR,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

Ladies' Dress Goods,

GROCERIES,

QUEENSWARE, &C., &C.

All to be had at the store of J. M. Shoemaker.

Bedford, Nov. 25, 1864.

Photographic Pictures.

The subscriber has just returned from Philadelphia, where he has purchased a large and select stock of PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES, comprising *GILT, EBONY, ROSEWOOD, UNION, AND CARD FRAMES,* of different styles and varieties, from

20 Cts. up to Five Dollars, each.

ALSO—A new assortment of

Photograph Albums,

of all styles, holding from 12 to 200 pictures, at prices varying from 75 cents to $20.00,

Suitable for the Pocket or the Parlor.

Photographs, Ambrotypes, Melainotypes, &c., taken as low as 25 cents each.

☞Pictures of every kind and description copied to suit the album size or life size, on the most reasonable terms, and in the most durable manner.

Instructions in the art given on moderate terms.

Skylight Gallery opposite the Washington Hotel.

T. R. GETTYS.

Bedford, June 10, 1864.

BEDFORD HOTEL.

The undersigned having taken charge of the Bedford Hotel, formerly kept by Col. John Hofer, announces to the public that he will be able to afford the best accommodations, both to the traveling public and home custom. The house will be improved and re-fitted, and the Bar will always be well supplied with choice liquors. His table will be supplied with the choicest edibles of the season, and he will spare no pains to make it suitable for all. His stable is one of the best in Bedford, and a good hostler will always be in attendance.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month or year. Terms reasonable. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call.

JOSHUA J. SHOEMAKER.

Bedford, January 15, 1864.

THE MENGEL HOUSE,

JULIANA STREET, BEDFORD, PA.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that he has recently enlarged, improved and refitted his house both for the accommodation of travellers and boarders, as well as country customers. Persons coming to this place for the purpose of visiting the Bedford Springs, will find this house pleasantly located.

Ample and convenient Stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also a safe and convenient carriage house.

All are invited to give him a call.

ISAAC MENGEL, Proprietor.

April, 15, 1864.

BEAUTIFUL SUN UMBRELLAS

Just opened at CRAMER'S.

May 29, 1863.

NOTICE.

All unsettled accounts upon our books must be closed by cash or note, January 2, 1865. This is the only notice we shall give.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

December 30, 1864.

How to Save Your Money.

Call and buy your goods of E. V. MOWRY, that has been purchased at 33 per cent. cheaper than they have been for the last three months, or can be at present, when gold and goods had suddenly fallen

Her stock comprises a general assortment of

Millinery Goods.

BONNETS, FELT AND SILK HATS,

Latest Winter Styles,

ALSO—A fine assortment of CLOAKS, BALMORAL and HOOP SKIRTS, WOOLEN HOSE, DRESS BUTTONS, NOTIONS, &c.

☞All persons having accounts standing, will please call and settle at once, for we have to pay Cash for all we buy, and MUST receive CASH for our goods to keep up our stock.

Bedford, November 4, 1864.

A Most Excellent Medicine.

J. F. CARPENTER'S RHEUMATIC FLUID.—Persons suffering from Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Diptheria, Burns, &c., will find this a most excellent remedy. It comes to us recommended by some of the best men in the State—and in this community. Try a bottle and see for yourself. For sale at J. L. Dicebaugh's, Bedford. April 29, 1864—1y.

WM. W. PAUL. D. J. HOAR

H. L. HOOD,

WITH

WM. W. PAUL & CO.,

WHOLESALE

BOOT & SHOE WAREHOUSE,

623 Market St. & 614 Commerce St. above Sixth

PHILADELPHIA.

December 16, 1864—1y.

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,

(SUCCESSORS TO MICHAEL WARTMAN & CO.)

Tobacco Snuff and Segar

MANUFACTORY,

No. 313 NORTH THIRD STREET,

Second door below Wood,

PHILADELPHIA.

I. W. WARTMAN. H. P. ENGELMAN.

March 25, 1864.

FELIX HEYMAN

WITH

Arnold, Nusbaum & Nirdlinger,

Importers, Jobbers, and Wholesale Dealers in

CLOTHING,

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Tailors' Trimmings, &c.

Nos. 333 Market Street, and 27 North Fourth Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

OFFERS great inducements to Wholesale Dealers from the Country, in quantity, quality, style, prices and terms.

Merchants, Tailors and Dealers visiting Philadelphia, will find it to their advantage to call and examine stock and learn prices before purchasing elsewhere. Dec 9, 1864—1y

C. D. M'CLEES & CO.

Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS, SHOES, BROGANS,

AND

INDIA RUBBER SHOES,

NO 133 NORTH THIRD STREET

OPPOSITE CHERRY ST.,

PHILADELPHIA.

Apr. 17, 1863—1y.

FLEMING HOLLIDAY

WITH

PAUL GRAFF, WM. H. WEIMER,
ISAAC WATKIN, THOS. SAPPINGTON.

CRAFF, WATKIN & CO.,

Wholesale Dealers in

BOOTS AND SHOES,

No. 426 Market Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

January 13, 1865—1y.

Glorious News!

TO THE PEOPLE OF BEDFORD COUNTY:

The first train on the Southern Pennsylvania and Connellsville railroad has arrived heavily freighted with goods of

EVERY DESCRIPTION FOR

CHEAP CORNER.

We take pleasure in telling our customers and the public that we are now prepared for the

WINTER TRADE.

We have just received a large stock of

LADIES WINTER DRESS GOODS,
SACK FLANNELS,
CLOAK CLOTHS,
SHAWLS, HOODS, &c., &c.

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETTS,

and a very great variety of

READY MADE CLOTHING,

Over Coats, Over Coats, Over Coats!

Come Gentlemen, and examine our stock of clothing.

BOOTS AND SHOES, BOOTS AND SHOES,

for Ladies and Gentlemen, Boys and Girls.

Groceries, Queensware, Tobacco,

and all articles usually found in a first class store.

We are sincerely grateful to a generous public for their past onage in the past, and hope by strict attention to their wants and a fond desire to please, to make it pay all who visit "CHEAP CORNER."

J. B. FARQUHAR.

Bedford, Dec. 16, 1864.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Henry Johnson, late of Southampton township, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber residing in said township, by the Register of Bedford county, he notifies all persons indebted to the estate to make payment immediately, and all persons having claims against the same are requested to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

THOMAS DONAHOE, Adm'r.

March 3, 1865—6t

EXECUTORS' NOTICE.

Letters testamentary on the estate of John Snider, late of Snake Spring township, deceased, have been granted by the Register of Bedford county to Jacob Snider, of South Woodberry township, and Samuel Snider and Jacob Stuckey, of Middle Woodberry township, all persons having claims or demands against said estate are notified to make known the same to said executors without delay, and all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment.

JACOB SNIDER,
SAMUEL SNIDER,
JACOB STUCKEY,
Executors.

February 17, 1865—6t*

C. N. HICKOK, J. G. MINNICH, JR.,

DENTISTS,

BEDFORD, PA.

Office in the Bank Building, Juliana St.

All operations, pertaining to Surgical or Mechanical Dentistry carefully and faithfully performed, and warranted.

TERMS—CASH.

Bedford, January 6, 1865.